

Akbar the Great

In Three Volumes



VOLUME III



Society and Culture in 16th Century India

WORKS OF Dr. A. L. SRIVASTAVA

English Editions :

1. The First Two Nawabs of Awadh (1708-1754), 1st ed. 1933, 2nd ed. 1954.
2. Shuja-ud-daulah, Vol. I (1754-1765), 1st ed. 1939, 2nd ed. 1961.
3. Shuja-ud-daulah, Vol. II (1765-1775), 1st ed. 1945, 2nd ed. (in the press).
4. Sher Shah and His Successors (1539-1545), 1950.
5. The Sultanate of Delhi, 1st ed. 1950, 7th ed. 1971.
6. The Mughal Empire, 1st ed. 1952, 7th ed. 1970.
7. A Short History of Akbar the Great, 1st ed. 1957, 3rd ed. 1960.
8. Akbar the Great, Vol. I (Political History), 1st ed. 1962, 2nd Ed. 1972.
9. Akbar the Great, Vol. II : Evolution of Administration, 1967.
10. Medieval Indian Culture, (1200-1707), 1st ed. 1964, 2nd ed. 1971.
11. History of India (1000 A.D. to 1803 A.D.), 1st ed. 1964.
12. Modern India, Part I (1498-1858), 1969.
13. Akbar the Great, Vol. III : Society and Culture in 16th Century India, 1973.
14. Agra Souvenir : History and Culture of Agra, 1st ed. 1956, 3rd ed. 1971.
15. Studies in Indian History (in press).

Hindi Editions :

1. Awadh Ke Pratham Do Nawab.
2. Shuja-ud-daulah, Vol. I (in press).
3. Dilli Sultanat.
4. Mughal Kalin Bharat.
5. Madhya Kalin Bhartiya Sanskriti.
6. Bharat Ka Itihas.
7. Akbar Mahan, Vol. I.
8. Akbar Mahan, Vol. II.

AKBAR THE GREAT

Vol. III

Society and Culture in 16th Century India

ASHIRBADI LAL SRIVASTAVA

M.A., Ph.D., D.Litt. (LUCK.), D.Litt. (AGRA)

Professor Emeritus of History, Agra College, Agra

*Formerly, Professor and Head of the Department of History,
Panjab University, Lahore*

Dedicated

To

The Sacred Memory of

My Mother

Smt. RAJ RANI

Preface

The third volume of Akbar the Great, the last one of the series planned a little over twenty years ago, is now being placed in the hands of scholars and readers interested in the history and culture of India in general and that of the Mughal age in particular. The first volume of the work, published in July 1962 after ten years' research and labour covered, besides the absorbing life-story of Akbar, the history of his brilliant reign, a period of well-nigh fifty years from February 1556 to October 1605 ; the second volume, published in March 1967, dealt with the evolution of administration in all its branches and the Great Mughal's many gifts to India in that field. The present volume, just going to be brought out, is concerned with a more extended and complex theme, the society and culture of the sixteenth century India. As in the previous volumes, the author has made a careful and critical use of all available contemporary original sources in Persian and Sanskrit, in most of the modern Indian languages and English, and in the English (sometimes Urdu) translations of the Turki, Latin, French, Italian and Dutch sources. Although due weight has been given to works of modern scholars, yet the author has based his conclusions mainly on contemporary evidence which, as a glance at the bibliography will show, is so diverse and copious and so widely scattered in many parts of the country and even abroad as to tax an individual's capacity for collection and study. It is a matter for some satisfaction that it has been possible to carry to a completion this cherished project, despite many problems, obstacles and worries that have grown with age.

The present volume opens with a factual account of the physical aspect of India as seen by contemporary observers, showing how its mountains, rivers, streams, trees, valleys, seasons, climate etc. differed from those of the countries of central Asia, including Afghanistan. The looks of the country's towns, cities, and even villages from a distance and the landscape presented by the countryside enchanted European visitors. The changes in the course of most of our rivers, the disappearance of large

forests, the dwindling of many an ancient city and the coming up of numerous new ones during the last three hundred and seventy odd years and the modern canal and railway systems, are likely to mislead an unwary modern writer of the history of sixteenth-century India. The complex problem of the changing population, caused by an ever-recurring influx from Persia and Central Asia, baffles an accurate estimate ; but the distribution of agricultural community, especially of the zamindar variety, in many parts of the country, has been given, more or less, a concrete picture. The historian is on surer ground in delineating the chapters on social organisation, religion and philosophy, the role of Islam during the period, language and literature, education and learning, the mode of living and way of life of the people, painting, architecture, sculpture, music, dance, drama and other arts. One is struck by the fact that despite diversity of language and script our foremost scholars, philosophers and poets dealt in their respective regional languages with identical themes derived from the Upanishads, the Puranas, and the Epics, particularly the Ramayana, the Mahabharata and the Bhagwat Gita. An outstanding work produced in Sanskrit anywhere became known and was accepted in all parts of the vast country within a short period. In spite of regional variety, the basic concept of Art was the same in all parts of India.

The study reveals that India, or at least most parts of it, had attained the status of a free and independent nation in the last quarter of the sixteenth century, and that Akbar, though he had no Indian blood in his veins, had become the symbol of her unity and the centre of the hopes and aspirations of her people. There was perhaps no country in Asia, or Africa or even in Europe that was so prosperous and tolerant in religious thought and action and so materially, culturally, and morally advanced as India in the last quarter of the sixteenth century.

The author reiterates his obligation to the authorities of the various manuscript libraries in the country and to some in foreign lands for facilities accorded to him for a study of their rare Mss. He is thankful to his former pupil Sri Shri Prakash Kashyap, M. A., Lecturer in History and Political Science, R. B. S. College, Agra for preparing the index, to Sri S. N. Mudgal, who has a

passion for mid-Victorian grammatical English, for going through the typescript and reading the proof-sheets and to M/s Shiva Lal Agarwala & Co., Agra for giving the volume a decent get-up. He acknowledges with gratitude his wife Smt. Phool Kumari Srivastava's self-sacrifice and life-long cooperation for a period of over fifty years without which no work of scholarship could ever have been undertaken.

Wazirpura Road, Agra

November 5, 1972.

A. L. SRIVASTAVA

Abbreviations

1. *Abdul Aziz*—The Mansabdari System and the Mughal Army.
2. *Abdul Baqi*—Masir-i-Rahimi.
3. *Abdullah*—Tarikh-i-Daudi.
4. *Abu Ali*—Siyasat Nama.
5. *Abu Talib*—Malfuzat-i-Timuri.
6. *Abu Yusuf*—Kitab-al-Kharāj.
7. *Ādab*—Ādab-i-Saltanat wa Wizarat.
8. *Afif*—Tarikh-i-Firozshahi by Shams-Siraj Afif.
9. *Aghnides*—Muhammadan Theories of Finance, etc., by N.P. Aghnides.
10. *Ahmad*—Administration of Justice in Medieval India, by Muhammad Bashir Ahmad.
11. *Ain*—Ain-i-Akbari.
12. *Ain-ul-mulk*—Inshai Mahru, by Ain-ul-mulk.
13. *A.N.*—Akbar Nama.
14. *Ali*—Amir Ali's A Short History of the Saracens.
15. *Al-Mawardi*—Ahkam-al-Sultaniya.
16. *ASAI*—Agrarian System in Ancient India.
17. *ASMI*—Agrarian System of Mughal India.
18. *Aziz Ahmad*—Studies in Islamic Culture in Indian Environment.
19. *B.N.*—Babar Nama or Tuzuk-i-Babari or Memoirs.
20. *Badayuni*—Abdul Qadir Badayuni.
21. *Banarsi Das*—Ardh-Kathanak of Banarasidas.
22. *Barani*—Tarikh-i-Firozshahi, by Zia-ud-din Barani.
23. *Barbosa*—The Book of Duarte Barbosa, Eng. tr., M. L. Dames, 2 Vols.
24. *Bernier*—Travels of F. Bernier.
25. *Bayazid*—Tarikh-i-Humayun wa Akbar, by Bayazid Bayat.
26. *Brown*—Percy Brown's Indian Architecture (Islamic Period).
27. *Br. M. Ms.*—British Museum Manuscript.
28. *C.H.I.*—Cambridge History of India.
29. *Commentarius*—Mongolicea, Legationis Commentarius of F. Monserrate.

30. *Crooke*—William Crooke's Tribes and Castes of N. W. Provinces and Oudh.
31. *Dabistan*—Dabistan-i-Mazāhib, by Muhsin Fani.
32. *Daudi*—Tarikh-i-Daudi, by Abdullah.
33. *D.A.*—Dastur-ilbab fi ilmil-hisab.
34. *De Laet*—De Imperio Magni Mogolis, sive India vera, Eng. tr., F. Hoyland.
35. *Du Jarric*—Histoire, etc., Eng. tr., C. H. Payne.
36. *Ed.*—Edited by.
37. *E. and D.*—Elliot and Dowson's History of India, as told by its own Historians.
38. *E.T.*—Early Travels in India, ed. W. Foster.
39. *Eng. tr.*—English translation.
40. *Fakhr-i-Muddabir*—Adab-al-Muluk.
41. *Fakhr-ud-din*—Tarikh-i-Fakhr-ud-din Mubarak Shah.
42. *Fazl*—Suluk-al-Muluk, by Fazl ibn Ruzbihan Isfahani.
43. *Firishta*—Gulashan-i-Ibrahimi alias Tarikh-i-Firishta.
44. *Foster*—Early Travels in India, ed. Sir William Foster.
45. *Futuhāt*—Futuhāt-i-Firozshahi of Firoz Tughlaq.
46. *Ghani*—A study of Persian Language and Literature at the Mughal Court, by M.A. Ghani.
47. *Gulbadan*—Humayun Nama, by Gulbadan Banu Begum.
48. *Haig*—Sir Wolseley Haig.
49. *Hidaya*—Eng. tr. of Hidaya, by Charles Hamilton & S. G. Grady.
50. *Hitti*—History of the Arabs, by Phillip Hitti.
51. *Hodivala*—Historical Studies in Mughal Numismatics.
52. *Hodivala*—Studies in Indo-Muslim History.
53. *Horn Paul*—Des Heer-und Kriegsrewesen des Grose-Moghuls.
54. *Husain*—Administration of Justice during the Muslim Rule in India, by Wahed Husain.
55. *Ibn Hasan*—The Central Structure of the Mughal Empire.
56. *Ibn Khaldun*—Muqaddima Tarikh.
57. *Inshai*—Inshai Abul Fazl.
58. *Inshai*—Inshai Mahru.
59. *Irfan Habib*—The Agrarian System of Mughal India.
60. *Irvine*—Army of the Indian Moghuls.

61. *J.A.S.B.*—Journal of Asiatic Society of Bengal.
62. *J.I.H.*—Journal of Indian History.
63. *J.R.A.S.*—Journal of Royal Asiatic Society.
64. *Khwandamir*—Humayun Nama.
65. *Macdonald*—Development of Muslim Theology, etc., by D. B. Macdonald.
66. *Maktubat*—Maktubat-i-Abul Fazl.
67. *Manrique*—Travels of Manrique, ed. Luard and Asten, Vol. II.
68. *Manucci*—Storia do Mogor.
69. *Mendelslo*—Travels of.
70. *Minhaj*—Tabqat-i-Nāsiri of Minhaj-al-Siraj.
71. *Mirat*—Mirat-i-Ahmadi of Muhammad Ali Khan.
72. *M. A. Q.*—Muhammad Arif Qandhari's Tarikh Akbar Shahi.
73. *M. R.*—Masir-i-Rahimi.
74. *M. T.*—Muntakhab-ul-Tawarikh of Abdur Qadir Badayuni.
75. *M. U.*—Masir-ul-Umra.
76. *Mushtaqi*—Waqayat-i-Mushtaqi.
77. *Nainsi*—The Khyat of Nainsi.
78. *Pelsaert*—Jahangir's India.
79. *Per. T.*—Persian Text.
80. *P.I.H.C.*—Proceedings of Indian History Congress.
81. *Qureshi*—Administration of the Sultanate of Delhi.
82. *T.A.*—Tabqat-i-Akbari.
83. *T. Alamgir Sani*—Tarikh-i-Alamgir Sāni.
84. *Terry*—Travels, vide Foster, Early Travels in India.
85. *Thomas*—The Chronicles of the Pathan Kings of Delhi.
86. *Tuzuk*—Tuzuk-i-Jahangiri.
87. *T.J.*—Tuzuk-i-Jahangiri.
88. *Vambrey*—History of Bukhara, by A. Vambrey.
89. *Vir Vinod*—of Kavirāj Shyamal Das.
90. *Yusuf Husain*—Glimpses of Medieval Indian Culture.

Contents

| | |
|--|---------------|
| PREFACE | vii |
| ABBREVIATIONS | x |
| Chap. 1. The Country | 1-27 |
| Physical condition, 1—India, a peculiar physical and cultural entity, 3—Internal physical diversity, 4—Political condition, 5—India's Immediate Neighbours, 6—Principal cities and Ports, 8—Agra, 8—Fatehpur Sikri, 9—Mathura, 11—Bayana, 11—Delhi, 11—Bareilly, 12—Lahore, 13—Sind, 14—Kashmir, 14—Rajasthan, 15—Gujarat, 17—Awadh and Allahabad, 18—Bihar, 19—Bengal, 20—Gaur, 20—Orissa, 21—Malwa, 21—Khandesh, 21—Berar, 21—Ahmadnagar, 21—Roads and trade routes, 23. | |
| Chap. 2. The People | 28-49 |
| No record of population, 28—Distribution of rural population, 30—Bengal, 30—Orissa, 31—Bihar, 31—Allahabad, 32—Awadh, 33—Agra, 35—Delhi, 38—Malwa, 40—Gujarat, 42—Ajmer, 43—Lahore (Panjab), 43—Multan, 44—Kashmir, 45—Deccan provinces, 45—Zamindars a conservative community, 45—The urban population, 47—Racial composition, 48. | |
| Chap. 3. Social Structure, Organisation and Life | 50-77 |
| In the villages, 50—Towns and cities, 54—Hindu society, 56—Marriage and professions, 57—Untouchability, 58—Slavery, 58—Break-up of Varna-ashram, 59—Other social changes, 60—Position of women, 62—Food and drink, 62—Fall in the standard of living, 65—Special characteristics, 66—Muslim society, 67—Composition ; traits of component parts, 67—Occupations, 70—Social intercourse, marriage and status of women, 71—Food, drink and other social evils, 73. | |
| Chap. 4. Religion and Philosophy | 78-101 |
| Hindu religion, 78—The Bhakti cult, 79—Pushtimarg or the doctrine of divine grace, 81—Ashtchhap, 84—Sur Das, a most prominent exponent of Pushtimarg, 84—Chaitanya, 87—Mira Bai, 89— | |

Tulsi Das, 92—Mystic saints, Kabir and Nanak, 94—Kabir, 94—Nanak, 95—Bhakti cult not due to the Impact of Islam, 98—Popular religious practices, 100.

Chap. 5. Islam in 16th Century India 102-122

Indian Islam characterised by two opposite pulls, 102—Policy of identification with Islamic world, 103—Impact of Hinduism, 104—Muslim attempts at purging off Hindu accretions, 107—Sufism, 108—The Mahdavi movement, 111—Akbar's policy of national integration : His efforts to Indianise the Muslim community, 113—Secret propaganda against the policy of national integration, 115—Shaikh Abdul Haq Muhaddis and Shaikh Ahmad Sarhindi ; their teachings, 116—Sufism degraded to the status of a hand-maid of orthodox Islam, 120.

Chap. 6. Language and Literature 123-166

Sanskrit, 123—Modern Indo-Aryan languages (introduction), 127—Panjabi language and literature, 128—Hindi literature, 129—Bengali, 139—Oriya, 141—Assamese, 142—Gujarati, 143—Marathi, 145—Urdu, 146—Dravidian languages and literatures, 151—Tamil, 151—Kannada, 153—Telugu, 155—Malayalam, 157—Persian, 158—Persian poetry, 161—Historical literature, 162—Intellectual and moral standard of the age, 165.

Chap. 7. Education 167-190

Hindu education : Its nature and purpose, 167—Elementary schools, 168—Higher schools, 169—Highest educational system, 170—Subjects and Books taught, 171—Hindus learn Persian, 172—System of examination, 172—Relations between teachers and their pupils, 173—Female education, 173—Chief centres of learning, 175—Muslim education, 178—Theological bias, 179—Subjects taught in institutions of Higher Learning, 180—Akbar's reforms, 181—Encouragement of Sanskrit learning, 182—Adult education, 183—Education of princes, 185—Principal centres of Islamic learning, 187—Libraries, 189.

Chap. 8. Housing, Food, Dress, Toilet and Ornaments, Samskars, Games and Sports, Manners and Etiquette 191-215

Royal palaces, 191—Houses of middle-class and common people, 192—Diet, 193—Intoxicants, 195—

Dress, 196—Women's toilet, 199—Men's toilet, 200—Samskars, 201—Chhathi, 203—Marriage, 203—Funeral ceremony, 206—Games, sports, and other amusements, 208—Festivals, 212—Manners and etiquette, 214.

Chap. 9. Agriculture, Industry, Trade, Commerce, and Economic condition **216-247**

Economy, 216—Agricultural produce, 217—Fibres : cotton, 218—Wool, 220—Silk, 221—Indigo, 222—Sugarcane, 223—Poppy, 224—Vegetables and fruits, 224—Forest produce, 225—Paper, 228—Gum lac, 228—Miscellaneous products, 229—Minerals, 229—Salt, 232—Saltpetre, 232—Saffron, 233—Spices, 234—Tobacco, 236—Other industries, 236—Trade, 238—Labour supply : Industrial specialisation, 241—Abundance and prosperity, 243—Famines, 245—Economic condition and standard of living of the poor, 247.

Chap. 10. Painting **248-269**

Continuity of traditional art, 248—Influence of Persian painting on Indian art, 251—Babur and Humayun, 252—Akbar, 253—Synthesis of Indian and Persian paintings, 253—Paintings at the court of Akbar, 255—Pictorial illustrations, 256—Portrait painting, 262—Murals, 263—The Mughal painting becomes national painting, 265—Pigments and materials, 266—impact on other school of painting, 266—Rajasthan school, 267.

Chap. 11. Architecture **270-303**

The birth of Indo-Muslim style 270—Evolution of the style during the Sultanate period, 273—Early Mughal architecture : Buildings of Babur and Humayun, 274—Buildings of the Sur dynasty, 275—Humayun's mausoleum, 276—A few other early buildings of the reign, 277—Nagarchain, 278—Agra Fort, 279—The Lahore fort, 281—The Allahabad fortress, 282—The Ajmer fortress, 283—Fatehpur Sikri, 284—Diwan-i-Khas, 287—The Treasury and the Hospital, 288—Astrologer's Lodge, 288—Princes's school, 289—The Royal Enclosure, 289—The Turkish Sultana's palace, 289—Royal hammam, 290—The Khas Mahal, 291—The Punch Mahal, 292—Mariam's house, 292—The so-called palace of Jodh Bai, 293—Birbar's House, 295—Religious Buildings, 295—The Mosque, 296—The Buland Darwaza,

297—Shaikh Salim Chishti's mausoleum, 298—
Fatehpur Sikri ; A reflex of Akbar's mind, 300—
Sikandra, 301.

**Chap. 12. Music, Dance, Drama, Sculpture, other
Arts and Gardens** **304-323**

Music, 304—In the 15th and 16th centuries, 305—
Principal rags and raginis, 306—Musical Instru-
ments, 307—Music splits into Hindustani and
Karnatak music, 308—Music and Indian Muslims,
308—Akbar as patron of classical Music, 309—
Music and the common people, 311—Dance, 312—
The Dramatic Art, 313—Sculpture, 314—Pottery
and Metal Works, 318—Jewellers' and Goldsmiths'
art, 319—The textile art of fine variety, 320—
Colour decoration in Mughal architecture, 321—
Mural paintings, 322—Gardens, 323.

Chap. 13. A Nation in Making **324-334**

Political condition, 324—Akbar gives political unity
to most parts of India, 325—Administrative uni-
formity, 327—Equal citizenship for all, 328—
Attempts at social integration, 329—Cultural
integration, 330—India a nation in the last quarter
of the 16th century, 333.

Bibliography **335**

Index

Subject **347**

Proper and Geographical Names **353**

Bibliography

A. Persian, Arabic, Turki

1. Abdul Bāqi Nihāvandi, *Maasir-i-Rahimi*, Vols. I-III, Calcutta, 1924.
2. Abdul Haq Dehlawi, *Tarikh-i-Haqqi* (Public Library, Lahore Ms.).
3. —, *Akhbar-ul-Akhiyar, fi Asrar-ul-Abrar*, written in 1619 A. D. Mujtabai Press, Delhi, 1914 A. D.
4. —, *Makātib Wa'r Rasāil*.
5. Abdullah, *Tarikh-i-Daudi* (Udaipur Ms.).
6. Ābn Ali Hasan ibn Ali Turi Nizam-ul-Mulk, *Siyāsat Nama*, Fr. tr. Charles Scheffer, Paris, 1893.
7. Abul Fazl, *Ain-i-Akbari*, Eng. tr. Vol. I (H. Blochmann), 2nd Ed. (D. C. Phillott), 1927; Vol. II (H. S. Jarrett) re-edited., (Sir Jadunath Sarkar), Calcutta, 1949; Vol. III (Jarrett and Sarkar), Calcutta, 1948.
8. —, *Akbar Nama* (Bib. Indica), Vols. I-III, Calcutta; Eng. Tr. H. Beveridge, Calcutta, 1948.
9. —, *Maktubat*, N. K. Press, Lucknow, 1863.
10. —, *Ruqqat-i-Abul Fazl*, N. K. Press, Lucknow, 1913.
11. Abu Talib Al-Husaini, *Malfuzāt-i-Timuri*, Eng. Tr. Major C. Stewart, London, 1830.
12. Abu Yusuf, *Kitab-al-Kharāj*, Cairo, 1884, Fr. Tr. M. Fagnan.
13. *Ādāb-i-Saltanat wa Wizarat* (Anonymous), Ed. Charles Scheffer.
14. Afif, Shams Sirāj, *Tarikh-i-Firoz Shahi*, Calcutta, 1890.
15. Ain-ul-mulk Multani, *Inshai Māhru* (A. S. Bengal Ms.).
16. Ali Muhammad Khan, *Mirat-i-Ahmadi*, Vols. I-III, Baroda, 1927-30.
17. Al Māwardi, Ali ibn Muhammad, *Ahkam al Sultaniya*, Cairo, 1881; Fr. tr. F. Fagnan, Algiers, 1915.
18. Babar, *Tuzuk-Baburi* (Turki), Eng. tr. (Vols. I-III), A. S. Beveridge, London, 1931.

19. Badayuni, Abdul Qadir, *Muntakhab-ut-tawarikh*, Vols. I-III, ed. Ahmad Ali, Calcutta, 1868-9 ; Vol. II. Eng. tr. W. H. Lowe ; Vol. III, W. Haig.
20. Barani, Zia-ud-din, *Fatāwāi-Jahāndāri*, Wr. 1358-59. A.D. Eng. tr. M. Habib and Mrs. Afsar Umar Khan under the title of "The Political Theory of the Delhi Sultanate."
21. —, *Tarikh-i-Froz Shahi*, Calcutta, 1862.
22. Bāyazid Bayat, *Tazkira-i-Humayun wa Akbar*, Calcutta, 1941.
23. Chhatarman, *Chahar Gulshan* (Udaipur Ms.).
24. Fakhr-i-Mudabbir, *Adāb-al-muluk*, I. O. Per. Ms. (rotographic copy).
25. Fakhr-ud-din-Mubarak Shah, *Tarikh*, ed. E. Denison Ross, London, 1927.
26. Fazl ibn Ruzbihān Isfhāni, *Suluk-al-Muluk*, Br. M. Ms., rotographic copy.
27. Firishta, Muhammad Abul Qasim, *Tarikh-i-Firishta*, Litho., N. K. Press, Lucknow, 1905.
28. Firoz Tughlaq, *Futubat-i-Firoz Shahi*, ed. Shaikh Abdur Rashid, Aligarh, 1954.
29. Gulbadan Banu Begum, *Humayun Nama*, ed. and tr. A. S. Beveridge, London, 1902.
30. Hāji Abdal Hamid Muharrir Ghaznavi, *Dastur-ul-albāb Fi ilmil-hisāb* (Rampur Ms.).
31. *Hidaya*, Eng. tr. Hamilton, Charles and Grady, S. G., London, 1870.
32. *Imperial Farmans* granted to the ancestors of Tikait Maharaj, tr. and ed. by K. M. Javeri, Bombay, 1928.
33. Ibn Khaldun, *Muqaddima Tarikh*, Urdu tr. Maulvi Abdur Rahman, Lahore, 1904 ; Eng. tr. Franz Rosenthal, London, 1958.
34. Jahangir, *Tuzuk-i-Jahangiri*, N. K. Press, Lucknow, Eng. tr. A. Rogers, Vols. 1-2, London, 1909.
35. Juzāni, Minhaj Al-Sirāj, *Tabqāt-i-Nāsiri*, Calcutta, 1863 ; Eng. tr. H. G. Raverty, Calcutta, 1897.
36. Khusrau, Amir, *Khazain-ul-Futuh*, Eng. tr. M. Habib, Madras, 1931.
37. —, *Nuh Sipih*, ed. Wahid Mirza, Calcutta, 1950.

38. —, *Tughlaqnama*, ed. Hashmi Faridābādi, Aurangabad, 1933.
39. Muhammad Ali bin Hamid bin Abi Bakr Kufi, *Chachnama*, ed. Daudpota, Hyderabad, 1939. Eng. tr. Mirza Kalichbeg Faridun Beg, Karachi, 1900.
40. Muhammad Arif Qandhari, *Tarikh-i-Akbar Shahi*, Allaha-bad University Ms. written in 1580.
41. Muhsin Fani, *Dabistan-i-Mazāhib*, Per. T., Lithographed, N. K. Press, Lucknow, 1904. Eng. tr. D. Shea and A. Troyer, Paris, 1843.
42. Mushtaqi, Rizq-ullah, *Waqayat-i-Mushtaqi*. Br. M. Ms. (N. B. Roy's rotographic copy).
43. Mutamid Khan, *Iqbalnama-i-Jahangiri*, Vols. 1-2, Calcutta, 1865.
44. Nathan, Mirza, *Baharistan-i-Ghaibi*. Eng. Tr. M. I. Borah, Vols. 1-2. Gauhati, 1936.
45. Niāmat-ullah, *Tarikh-i-Khan-i-Jahan wa Makhzan-i-Afghani*. Eng. tr. B. Dorn, London, 1829-1836.
46. —, *History of the Afghans*, being the title of N. B. Roy's translation of the above. Santiniketan, 1958.
47. Nizam-ud-din Ahmad, *Tabqat-i-Akbari*. Vols. 1-3, Calcutta, 1927-33.
48. Nur-ul-Haq, *Zubdat-ul-Tawarikh* (Udaipur Ms.).
49. *Sanai Muhammadi* (Rampur Ms.).
50. Sarhindi, Shaikh Ahmad, *Maktubāt-i-Imam-i-Rabbani* (Per. T.), Vols. 1-3. N. K. Press, Lucknow, 1877.
51. Sarwani, Abbas, *Tarikh-i-Sher Shahi* alias Tuhfai-Akbar Shahi (Udaipur Ms.).
52. Shahnawaz Khan, *Maasir-ul-Umra*, Vols. 1-3, Calcutta, 1880-1890.
53. Sikandar Gujarati, *Mirat-i-Sikandari*, Eng. tr. F. L. Faridi, Dharampur, n.d.
54. Sujan Rai Khattri, *Khulasat-ut-Tawarikh* (Udaipur Ms.).
55. *Suluk-ul-Saltanat* (Br. M. Ms. Rotograph.).
56. *Tarikh-i-Alamgir Sani* (Br. M. Ms. Rotograph.).

B. Sanskrit

1. *Aitareya Brāhmana*, ed. K. S. Agashe. Eng. tr. A. B. Keith, Cambridge, 1920.
2. *Bhavanagar Inscriptions*, Vols. 2, 3, 9.

3. *Kamandakiya Nitisāra*, ed. R. Mitra, Calcutta, 1884.
4. Kautilya, *Arthashastra*. Eng. tr. R. Samashastry (3rd ed.), Mysore, 1929.
5. *Mahabharata, Shanti Parva*, ed. S. K. Belvalkar, Poona, 1949-60. Eng. tr. P. C. Roy, Calcutta, 1884-96.
6. Mandan, *Prāsād Mandan*, ed. Jaipur, 1963.
7. *Manu Smriti*. Eng. tr. G. N. Jha, Calcutta, 1922-29.
8. Sada Śiva, *Raj Ratnakar*, written, 1733 V. S. (A. D. 1676).
9. *Nitisār of Sukra*, Eng. tr. B. K. Sarkar, Allahabad, 1923.
10. Soma Sundar, *Somasaubhagya Kavya*. Wr. 1497 A. D. Ahmedabad, 1905.
11. *Taitīriya Brāhman*, ed. R. Mitra, Calcutta, 1855-70.
12. *Vrihad Guruvāvali*, ed. Bhartiya Vidya Bhawan, Bombay, V. S. 2012.

C. European Languages

1. Bernier, Francois, *Travels in the Mogul Empire (1656-1668)*. Ed. A. Constable, 2nd ed. 1916.
2. De Laet, Joannes, *De Imperio Magni Mogolis, Sive India vera Commentarius auctoribus congestus* (Latin). Wr. 1631. Eng. Tr. J. S. Hoyland and S.N. Banerji, entitled '*The Empire of the Great Mogol*'. Bombay, 1828.
3. Horn, Paul, *Das Heer-und Kriegerwesen des Gross-Moghuls* (German). Leiden, 1894.
4. Manucci, Nicolao Venetian (1653-1708), *Storia do Mogor* (Italian). Tr. Eng. William Irvine, Vols 1-4. London, 1907-1908.
5. Manrique, Fray, Sebastien, *Travels (1628-1643)*, Vol. 2. Hakluyt Series, 1927.
6. Mandelslo, J. Albert, *The Voyages and Travels, etc.* Eng. Tr. John Davies. 2nd ed. 1669.
7. Monserrate, Father Anthony, *Mongolcae Legationis Commentarius* (Latin). Eng. Tr. J. S. Hoyland and S. N. Banerji, Oxford University Press, 1922.
8. Noer, Count von, *Kaiser Akbar* (German), Vols. 1-2, 1880, 1885. Eng. Tr. A.S. Beveridge, entitled *Emperor Akbar*, Calcutta, 1890.
9. Pelsaert, Francisco, *The Remostrantie*, Eng. Tr. Moreland and Geyl. Cambridge, 1925.

10. Pierre du Jarric, *Histoire des choses plus memorables advenues*, etc. Vols. 1-3, Eng. Tr. C. H. Payne, entitled *Akbar and the Jesuits*. London, 1926.
11. Stavorinus, John Splinder, *Voyages to the East Indies*. Eng. Tr. Samuel Hull Willcocke in 3 Vols. London, 1798.
12. *Travels of Ralph Fitch (1583-91), John Mildenhall (1599-1606), William Hawkins (1608-1611), William Finch (1608-1611), Nicholas Withington (1612-1616), Thomas Coryat (1612-17), and Edward Terry (1616-1619)*, in *The Early Travels in India*. Ed. William Foster, London, 1921.
13. Tavernier, John Baptista, *Six Voyages through Turkey into Persia and the East Indies*, London, 1678.
14. Van Den Broecke, *Hindustan Chronicles (Dutch)*, Eng. Tr. Brijnarain and Sri Ram Sharma, Calcutta, 1957.

D. Hindi and Rajasthani

1. Agarwal, Saryu Prasad, *Akbari Darbar Ke Hindi Kavi (modern)*. Lucknow, V.S. 2007.
2. Agarwal, V.S., *Padmawat (Ed.)*, Jhansi.
3. *Ashtachhap*, Kankrauli.
4. Banarsi Das, *Ardh-Kathanak*, wr. 1641 A.D., ed. Nathuram Premi, 2nd ed. Bombay, 1957.
5. Dalpat Singh, *Dalpat-Vilas (Rajasthani MS.)*, Bikaner. Hindi Tr. Dashratha Sharma.
6. Gupta, Din Dayal, *Ashtchhap awar Vallabh Sampradaya (modern)*, Vols. 1-2. 2nd Ed. Allahabad, 1970.
7. Gupta, Mata Pasad, *Madhu-malti*, ed., Allahabad, 1961.
8. Karni Dan, *Surajprakash*, wr. 1730 A.D. Pustak Prakash, Jodhpur.
9. Keshav Das, *Keshava Granthawali*. Ed. Vishwanath Prasad Misra, Hindustani Academy, Allahabad, 1959.
10. ——*Kavi Priya*, ed. Lakshminidhi Chaturvedi, Prayag, 1957.
11. ——*Jahangir Chandrika*, Banaras.
12. ——*Vir Singh Deva Charitra*, wr. 1607 A.D., Banaras.
13. ——*Vignan Geeta*, ed. Shyam Sundar Das, Banaras, 1954.
14. Nainsi, Mohta, *The Khyat*, ed. by Jin Vijaya Muni, Vols. 1-2, Jodhpur.
15. Ojha, G. H., *Rajputane ka Itihas*, Vols. 1-2, Ajmer, 1938.

16. Padmanabh, *Kanhda-da-Prabandh*, ed. K.B. Vyas, Jaipur, 1953.
17. Pande, Chandra Bali, *Mughal Badshahon ki Hindi*. Banaras, 1997 V.S. (modern).
18. Prithviraj, *Beli Krishna-Rukamini Ree*, ed. Ram Singh and Pareek, Hindustani Academy, Prayag, 1931.
19. Priya Das, *Bhaktmal Tika* (Udaipur Ms.).
20. Rahim, Abdur, *Rahim Ratnawali*, ed. Maya Shankar Yajnik, 3rd ed. Sahitya Seva Sadan, Kashi.
21. Ranjnam K. Lakshmi, *Telugu Sahitya Ka Itihas*, Hyderabad, 1937 (modern).
22. Shukla, Ramchandra, *Hindi Sahitya Ka Itihas*, 1950 ed. Banaras.
23. Shyamal Das, Kaviraj, *Vir Vinod*, Vols. 1-4, Udaipur (modern).
24. Shyam Sundar Das, *Goswami Tulsi Das*, Banaras (modern).
25. Sur Das, *Sur Sagar*. Venkteswar Press, Bombay, 1964.
26. *Tulsi Das*, Kavitawali, ed. Bhagwan Din, Banaras.
27. ———Ramcharitmanas. Gita Press, Gorakhpur.

E. Urdu

1. Azad, Muhammad Husain, *Darbar-i-Akbari*, Lahore, 1898.
2. Nadvi, Abdul Hasnat, *Hindustan Ki Qadim*, Darsgahain, Amritsar, 1924.
3. Zaka-ullah, *Tarikh-i-Hindustan*.

F. Bengali

1. Kavi Jayandra, *Sri Chaitanya Mangal*. The writer lived in 1480-92 A.D. Calcutta, V.S. 1312.
2. Dvija Madhab, *Mangal Chandeer Git*, wr. about 1579, ed. S. K. Bhattacharya, Calcutta University, 1952.
3. Krishna Das Kaviraj Goswami, *Chaitanya Charitamrita* (1517 A.D.), ed. Jadeshwar Gupta, Calcutta, 1885.
4. Lochan Das (b. 1523 A.D.), *Chaitanya Mangal*, ed. Auro-nodya Roy, Calcutta, 1900 A.D.
5. Mukund Ram (alias Kavi Kankan), *Chandi Kavya*, ed. Sri Kumar Bandhopadhy and Vishnupati Chaudhury, Calcutta, 1902.
6. Vrindaban Das Thakur, *Chaitanya Bhagwat*, ed. S. Kanti Ghosh, 6th ed., Calcutta, 1948.

G. Oriya

1. Achyutanand Das, *Harivansa*, Cuttack, 1953.
2. Banmali Das, *Ichhwati Haran*, 2nd ed. Cuttack, 1907.
3. Pratap Rai, *Sasisena*, wr. c. 1633 A.D. Ed. A.B. Mahanty, Utkal University, 3rd ed. 1953.
4. Purushottam Das, *Kanchi Kaveri*, Cuttack, 1909.

H. Modern Works

1. Agarwal, V.S., *Indian Art*, Varanasi, 1965.
2. Aghnides, Nicolas, P., *Muhammadan Theories of Finance with an Introduction to Muhammadan Law and a Bibliography*, New York, 1916.
3. Ahmad, Muhammad Bashir, *The Administration of Justice in Medieval India*, Aligarh, 1941.
4. Ali, Sayyid Amir, *A Short History of the Saracens*, London, 1921.
5. Arnold, T. W., *The Library of A. Chester Beatty Catalogue of Indian Miniatures*, Vol. I, 1936.
6. Ashraf, K.M., *An Indian Scholar and Revolutionary*, Ed. Horst Kruger, Berlin, 1966.
7. Ashton, Leigh, *The Art of India and Pakistan, A Commemorative Catalogue of the Exhibition held in the Royal Academy of Arts*, London, 1947-48.
8. Aziz, Abdul, *The Mansabdari System and the Mughal Army*, Lahore, 1945.
9. Aziz Ahmad, *Studies in Islamic Culture in the Indian Environment*, Oxford, 1964.
10. Banerji, S.K., *Humayun Badshah*, Vols. 1-2, Oxford, 1938, Lucknow, 1941.
11. Barbosa, Duarte, *Book of Duarte Barbosa*, Eng. Tr. Longworth Dames, London, 1919-20.
12. Barnett, D., and Gray, B., *The Paintings of India*, Lausanne, Skira, 1963.
13. Binyon, L., Wilkinson, J.V.S., and Gray, B., *Persian Miniature Painting*, London, 1933.
14. Birdwood, George, *The Industrial Art of India*, London, 1883.
15. Brown, Percy, *Indian Architecture (Islamic Period)*, 4th ed. Bombay, 1964.
16. —, *Indian Paintings under the Mughals*, Oxford, 1924.

17. Chaitanya, Krishna, *History of Malayalam Literature*, Orient Longman, Ltd., 1971.
18. Chatterji, S.K., *Origin and Development of Bengali Language and Literature*.
19. —, *On Languages*, vide *Struggle for Empire and Delhi Sultanate*.
20. Coomarswamy, A. K., *History of Indian and Indonesian Art*, London, 1927.
21. —, *Rajput Paintings*, Vols. 1-2.
22. Crooke, William, *The Natives of Northern India*, Calcutta, 1898.
23. —, *The North-Western Provinces of India—Their History, Ethnology and Administration*, London, 1897.
24. —, *The Tribes and Castes of North-Western Provinces and Oudh*, Vols. 1-4, Calcutta, 1896.
25. De, S. K., *Early History of the Vaishnava Faith and Movement in Bengal*, Calcutta, 1942.
26. Dorn, B., *History of Afghans*, Vols. 1-2, London, 1829-36.
27. Elliot and Dowson, *History of India as told by its own Historians*, Vols. 1-8, London, 1867-77.
28. Ethingansan, *Paintings of the Sultans and Emperors of India in American Collection*, L.K.A., 1961.
29. Farooqui, M.A., *The Synthesis of the Indian and Persian Qalams in the Court of Akbar* (unpublished thesis, Agra University Library).
30. Fergusson, J., *History of Indian and Eastern Architecture*, London, 1910.
31. Furnival, W. J., *Leadless Decorative Tiles, Faience and Mosaic*, Staffordshire, 1904.
32. Ghani, M.A., *A Study of Persian Language and Literature at the Mughal Court*, Parts I-III, Allahabād, 1929-30.
33. Grierson, George, A., *The Modern Vernacular Literature of Hindustan*, Calcutta, 1889.
34. Harshe, R. G., *Marathi Language and Literature*, vide *Struggle for Empire and Delhi Sultanate*.
35. Hasan, Ibn, *The Central Structure of the Mughal Empire*, London, 1936.
36. Havell, E. B., *A Hand-Book of Indian Art*, London, 1920.
37. —, *Indian Architecture*, London, 1913.

38. Herklots, G. H., *Qanun-i-Humayun or Islam in India*, revised by W. Crooke, Oxford, 1921.
39. Hitti, Philip, K., *History of the Arabs*, 3rd ed. 1953.
40. Hodivala, S. H., *Studies in Indo-Muslim History*, Bombay, 1939.
41. Husain, Wahed, *Administration of Justice during the Muslim Rule in India*, Calcutta, 1934.
42. Irvine, William, *Army of the Indian Moghuls*, London, 1903.
43. Iyengar, K. R. S., *South Indian Languages*, contributed to *The Age of Imperial Unity, The Classical Age, The Struggle for Empire and the Delhi Sultanate*.
44. Khan, Yusuf Husain, *Glimpses of Medieval Indian Culture*, Bombay, 1957.
45. Macauliffe, N. A., *The Sikh Religion*, Oxford, 1909.
46. Macdonald, Duncan, B., *Development of Muslim Theology, Jurisprudence and Constitutional Theory*, New York, 1926.
47. Major, R. H., *India in the Fifteenth Century*. Hakluyt Society, London, MDCCCLVII.
48. Majumdar, R.C. (ed.), *The Vedic Age*, London, 1951.
49. — (ed.), *The Age of Imperial Unity*, Bombay, 1951.
50. — (ed.), *The Classical Age*, Bombay, 1954.
51. — (ed.), *The Age of Imperial Kanauj*, Bombay, 1955.
52. — (ed.), *The Struggle for Empire*, Bombay, 1957.
53. — (ed.), *The Delhi Sultanate*, Bombay, 1960.
54. —, *Ancient India*, 2nd ed. Banaras, 1952.
55. Marshall, John, *Chapter on Architecture*, vide *Cambridge History of India*, Vol. III.
56. Mehta, N. C., *Studies in Indian Painting*, Bombay, 1926.
57. Mookerji, Radha Kumud, *Ancient Indian Education*, London, 1947.
58. Mookerji, Radha Kamal, *Economic History of India (1600-1800 A. D.)*, originally contributed to *U.P. Historical Society Journal*, 1936.
59. Moreland, W. H., *India at the Death of Akbar*, London, 1920.
60. —, *India from Akbar to Aurangzeb*, 1923.
61. Moti Chand, *Mewar Painting*, Lalitkala Akademi, 1957.
62. —, *Jain Miniature Painting from Western India*, Ahmedabad, 1949.

63. ———, *The Technique of Mughal Painting*, Lucknow, 1949.
64. Nizami, K. A., *Religion and Politics in India in the Thirteenth Century*, Aligarh, 1961.
65. Powllat, P.W., *Gazetteer of Bikaner State*, 1874, 2nd ed. Bikaner, 1932.
66. Pradhan, M.C., *The Political System of the Jats of Northern India*, Oxford University Press, 1966.
67. Prasad, Beni, *History of Jahangir*, 3rd ed., Allahabad, 1930.
68. Qanungo, K.R., *Sher Shah*, Calcutta, 1921, 2nd ed., 1965.
69. Qureshi, I.H., *The Administration of the Sultanate of Delhi*, 2nd ed., Lahore, 1944.
70. Ray, Nihar Ranjan, *The Art of Sculpture*, contributed to the Delhi Sultanate, Bombay, 1960.
71. Rizvi, S. A. A., *Muslim Revivalist Movements in Northern India in the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Centuries*, Agra, 1965.
72. Roychaudhuri, M. L., *The Din-i-Ilahi*, Calcutta, 1941.
73. ———, *The State and Religion in Mughal India*, Calcutta, 1951.
74. Roy, H. C., *The Dynastic History of Northern India*, Vols. 1-2, Calcutta, 1931, 1936.
75. S'aid Ahmad Khan, *Asar-i-Akbari or Fatehpur Sikri* (Urdu), Agra, 1904.
76. Sana-ullah, M., *Tazkirat-ul-Ulama-i-Jaunpur*, Calcutta.
77. Saran, P., *The Provincial Government of the Mughals*, Allahabad, 1941.
78. ———, *Studies in Medieval Indian History*, Delhi, 1952.
79. Saraswati, S. K., *Chapter on Medieval Architecture*, vide Delhi Sultanate, Bombay, 1960.
80. Sarkar, J.N., *Aurangzeb*, Vol. III (3rd. ed.), Calcutta, 1928.
81. ———, *India of Aurangzeb*, Calcutta, 1901.
82. ———, *Chaitanya's Life and Teachings*, Calcutta, 1911.
83. ———, *Military History of India*, Calcutta, 1960.
84. ———, *Studies in Aurangzeb's Reign*, Calcutta.
85. ———, *Studies in Mughal India*, Calcutta, 1919.
86. Satya Prakash, *Rāg-Rāgini Miniatures from the Central Museum*, Jaipur, 1960.
87. ———, ed. *The Researcher*, Vols. 1-4, Jaipur.
88. Saxena, Ram Babu, *History of Urdu Literature* Allahabad, 1940.

89. Schachat, J., *Origin of Muhammadan Jurisprudence*, Oxford, 1950.
90. Sen, Dinesh Chandra, *History of the Bengali Language and Literature*, Calcutta, 1911.
91. Shah, N. G., *A Short Biographical Sketch of Shrimad Vallabhacharya*, Ahmedabad.
92. Sharma, Dashratha, *Early Chauhan Dynasties*, Delhi, 1959.
93. —, (ed.), *Rajasthan Through the Ages*, Vol. I, Bikaner, 1966.
94. Sharma, G. N., *Social Life in Medieval Rajasthan*, Agra, 1969.
95. Sharma, Sri Ram, *A Bibliography of Mughal India*, Bombay, 1932.
96. —, *Mughal Government and Administration*, Bombay, 1951.
97. —, *Religious Policy of the Mughal Emperors*, 2nd ed. Bombay, 1962.
98. Shukla, D. N., *Vastu Sastra*, Vols. 1-2, Lucknow, 1958.
99. Siddiqi, Noman Ahmad, *Land Revenue Administration under the Mughals*, Bombay, 1970.
100. Smith, E. W., *The Mughal Architecture of Fatehpur Sikri*, Allahabad, 1894-98.
101. —, *Mogul Colour Decoration of Agra*, Allahabad, 1901.
102. Smith, V. A., *Akbar the Great Mogul*, Oxford, 1917.
103. —, *A History of Fine Art in India and Ceylon*, 3rd ed. Bombay, 1969.
104. Smith, W. Cantwell, *Modern Islam in India*, London, 1946.
105. Srivastava, A. L., *Akbar the Great*, Vols. 1-2, Agra, 1962, 67.
106. —, *Medieval Indian Culture*, 2nd. ed. Agra, 1971.
107. —, *Shuja-ud-Daulah*, Vol. II, Lahore, 1945.
108. —, *The Mughal Empire*, 7th ed. Agra, 1971.
109. —, *The First Two Nawabs of Awadh*, 2nd ed. Agra, 1956.
110. Stuart, C. M. Villiers, *Gardens of the Great Moghals*, London, 1913.
111. Suhrawardy, Shahid, *Introduction to the Study of Indo-Persian Painting*, Marg, Vol. XI, June 1958.
112. Tara Chand, *Influence of Islam on Indian Culture*, Allahabad, 1936.

113. *The Mughals and the Jogis of Jakhbar*, ed. by B. N. Goswamy and J. S. Grewal, Simla, 1967.
114. Thomas, Edward, *Revenue Resources of the Mughal Empire from 1593 to 1707 A. D.*, London, 1871.
115. Thomas Roe, *Embassy to the Court of the Great Mogul*, Ed. William Foster, London, 1926.
116. Titus, Murry, T., *Indian Islam*, 1930.
117. —, *Islam in India and Pakistan*, Calcutta, 1959.
118. Tripathi, R. P., *Some Aspects of Muslim Administration*, Allahabad, 1936.
119. Vambery, A., *A History of Bukhara*, London, 1873.
120. Vogal, J. Ph., *Tile Mosaics of Lahore Fort*, Calcutta, 1920.
121. Wellesz, Emmry, *Akbar's Religious Thought Reflected in Mughal Paintings*, London, 1953.
122. Wescott, G. H., *Kabir and Kabir-panth*, 2nd ed. 1953.
123. Yasin, Mohammad, *A Social History of Islamic India*, Lucknow, 1958.
124. Yazdani, G., *Mandu, the City of Joy*, Oxford, 1929.

I. Books of Reference

1. A Dictionary of Islam by Thomas Patrick Hughes.
2. Encyclopaedia of Islam.
3. Epigraphia Indica.
4. The District Gazetteers of India.
5. The Imperial Gazetteers of India.
6. The Indian Ephemeris, Vols. I-VI.
7. The Survey of India Maps, 1 inch representing 4 miles.

J. Journals

1. Indian Antiquary, Bombay.
2. Indian Historical Quarterly, Calcutta.
3. Islamic Culture, Hyderabad-Deccan.
4. Journal of Indian History, Trivandrum.
5. Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengal, Calcutta.
6. Journal of Royal Asiatic Society of Great Britain and Ireland, London.
7. The Investigator, Jaipur.
8. The Uttara Bharati : A Journal of Research of the Universities of Uttar Pradesh, Agra.

Index
(Subject)

A

- Administrative uniformity, of India—327.
- Agriculture—in the 16th century, 216-17 ; agricultural produce, 217-25.
- Apbhramsa, language and literature—origin and evolution, 128.
- Architecture—of houses 7 ; peculiar features of Islamic and Indian architectures, 270 ; amalgamation of architectural styles, 271 ; Hindu influence on Islamic architecture, 271-72 ; Architectural styles of Sultanate period, 273-74 ; Gwalior architecture, 274 ; buildings of Babur and Humayun, 274-75 ; of Sur dynasty, 275-76 ; early buildings of Akbar's reign, Humayun's mausoleum 276 ; Nagarchain 278 ; architectural planning and features of Agra Fort 279-81 ; Lahore Fort 281-82 ; Allahabad fortress 282 ; Ajmer fortress 283-84 ; Fatehpur Sikri 284-301 ; Sikandara 301-2 ; impact of Mughal and Hindu styles of architecture on each other 302-3 ; colour decoration in Mughal architecture 321-22 ; fusion of Hindu and Islamic styles 332.
- Assamese, literature—142-43.

B

- Bengali, language and literature—origin of 139 ; early poets of 140 ; poets in the 16th century 141.
- Bhakti-cult, the—origin and history of 79 ; its doctrine 80 ; the later phase of the movement 81-84 ; the prominent bhaktas and mystic saints—Sur 86 ; Chaitanya and his school 87-9 ; Mirabai 89-92 ; Tulsidas 92-3 ; Nirguna school 94, 100 ; Kabir 94-5 ; Nanak 95-8 ; impact of Islam 98-9 ; devotional music 306.

C

- Caste system—in the villages 51 ; Hindu social structure 56-8 ; caste panchayats 54 ; imbibed by Muslims 104 ; as a trade union 252.

Ceremonies—Hindu Samskars 201-3 ; marriage ceremonies (Hindu) 203-4 ; (Muslim) 205 ; funeral ceremonies (Hindu) 206-7 ; (Muslim) 207.

City—principal cities of India 8-23 ; planning 2, 7 ; social organization in cities 54.

Citizenship—equality of 328.

Civilization (Indian)—cradle of 4 ; Deccan brand 5.

Commerce—with Asian countries 6, 220-21, 234-35, 238 ; with Europe 238-39 ; under Akbar and Jahangir 239.

Cultural integration—under Akbar 330-33.

D

Dance—312-13.

Dramatic art—313-14.

Dress—65, 74 ; of upper class 196 ; of common people 196 ; royal dress 197 ; female dress 197-99.

E

Economic prosperity—243-44 ; 333.

Education—Akbar's reform 181-82 ; encouragement to Sanskrit learning 182 ; adult education 183-84 ; education of princes 185-86 ; female education 187.

Hindu education : nature and purpose of 167 ; institutions 168-71 ; syllabus 171 ; examination 172 ; teacher-taught relations 173 ; female education 174 ; centres of learning 175-78.

Muslim education : role of state 178 ; institutions and syllabus 179-80 ; centres of learning 187-89.

Empire—division in provinces 6.

F

Family—In the village 52 ; in the city 56.

Festivals—114 ; Hindu 212-13 ; Muslim 213-14.

Fibres—cotton 219 ; wool 220-221 ; silk 221-22 ; finer variety of 320-21.

Food—Muslim 73 ; royal dishes 193 ; diet of common people 193 ; of middle class people 194 ; of Hindus 62-65.

Forests—2-3 ; forest produce 225-28.

Forts—see architecture.

G

Games—indoor 208-10 ; outdoor 210-12.
Gujarati, language and literature, 92 ; 143-44.

H

Hindi, language and literature—94 ; origin of 129 ; poets of Adikal 130 ; Bhakti kal 130 ; Bhakta poets 130-32 ; Sufi poets 132-35 ; Awadhi literature 135 ; poets of Ramaite school 135-36 ; poets of Krishnaite school 136-37 ; Akbar's contribution to the progress of 137-39.

Hindu Society—the caste system 56-57 ; marriage and professions 49, 57-58, 60-61 ; untouchability 58 ; slavery 58-59 ; break-up of Varna-Ashram 59-60 ; position of women 62 ; standard of living 65 ; special characteristics 66-67.

The Religion—its peculiar characteristics 78 ; the Bhakti cult 79-99 ; popular religious practices 100-101.

Education—see education.

Houses—Muslim 73 ; royal palaces 191 ; of middle class and common people 192.

I

India—physical condition 1-3 ; a peculiar entity 3 ; physical diversity 4 ; immediate neighbours of 6 ; political condition 5, 324-25 ; for other details see different headings.

Industries—Muslim aptitude for 70 ; see fibre, paper, minerals ; other industries 236-38.

Intoxicants—attitude towards drinking 195.

K L

Kannada, language and literature—153-55.

Labour : nature of 241-42 ; diffusion of talent 243.

Library : 189-90.

M

Mahdavi Movement : History and doctrine of 111-12 ; objectives 113.

Malayalam, literature : 157-58.

Manners and etiquette : 214-15.

Marathi literature : 145-46.

Marriage : Hindu 204-5 ; Muslim 205-6.

Medicine, school of : 13.

Minerals—229-32.

Music—early history 304-5 ; in 15th and 16th centuries 305-6 ; principal ragas and raginis 306-7 ; musical instruments 307 ; split in classical music 308 ; the Muslim rulers of pre-Akbar days and music 308-9 ; Akbar's patronage to 309-11 ; music and the common people 311, 331.

Muslim, Education—see education.

Religion—Impact of Indian environment on 102 ; policy of identification with Islamic world 103-4 ; attitude towards people 55 ; impact of Hinduism 104-7 ; attempt at purging of Hindu accretions 107 ; teachings of Saikh Ahmad Sarhindi 117-20.

Society—Composition of 67-70 ; occupation 70-71 ; social intercourse 71-72 ; marriage 72 ; standard of living 72-73 ; social evils 74-77 ; upper section of society 49 ; the impact of Muslims on social relations 56.

N

National integration—Akbar's policy of 113-15 ; social propaganda against 115-20 ; role of Islam 122.

O P Q

Oriya, language and literature 141-42.

Panjabi, language and literature 96, 128-29.

Painting—of Gupta and Harsha periods 248 ; Jain paintings 248 ; Buddhist influence on 248 ; of early middle ages 249 ; of Sultanate period 250 ; Persian painting, its nature and origin 251 ; its influence on Indian art 252 ; under Babur and Humayun 252-53 ; synthesis of Indian and Persian painting under Akbar 253-55 ; pictorial illustrations 256-62 ; portrait painting 262-63 ; Mural paintings 263-65, 322-23 ; nature and significance of Mughal school 265 ; impact of Mughal school on other schools 266 ; Rajasthan school 267-69.

Paper—228.

Persian, Literature—114 ; in pre-Mughal period 158-61 ; poetry 161-62 ; history-writing 162-63 ; translation works 163-64.

Population (India) Registers of 28 ; militia 28 ; total population 29-30 ; distribution of rural population 30-47 ; urban population 47-48 ; racial composition of 48-49.

Pottery—318-19.
 Prices—221-24, 237, 243, 247.
 Pushti Marg—82-84, Sur's contribution to 86, 145.

R

Religion—see Hindu, Muslim, Mahdavi movement and sufism.
 Rice—22.
 Rivers—changes in their course 1 ; traffic 26.
 Roads—23-27.

S

Sanskrit, Literature—81, 82, 89, 94, 114 ; before 16th century 123 ; works produced 123-24 ; scholars of 124-27.
 Sati—61-62.
 Sculpture—early history 314 ; disintegration in Post-Gupta period 315 ; regional trends 316 ; decline in the 12th century 316-17 ; revival under Akbar 317.
 Social integration—329.
 Standard of living—72-74, 247.
 Sufism—Origin and history 108-11 ; Chisti order 108-9 ; Suhrawardy 109-10 ; ideology of 110 ; relations with orthodox Islam 110-11 ; Naqshbandi abasement 120-22.

T

Tamil, literature—151-53.
 Telugu, literature—155-56.
 Toilet—women's 199-200 ; men's 200-201.
 Trade—70 ; nature 238-39 ; routes 240-41 (also see roads and river traffic) ; guilds 242.

U

Urdu, Language and literature—origin 146-48 ; theories of origin 149-50 ; in the 16th century 151.
 Utensils—64, 194.

V

Vegetables and fruits—224-25.
 Village—Social structure of 50-51 ; family 52 ; daily life in 52-53 ; relations between various castes and sections 53 ; inter-village relations 53.

W

Wages—246, 259.

Z

Zamindars—30-47, 71, 241, 246.

Index

(Proper and Geographical Names)

A

- Abbas, Shah, 329
Abdali, Ahmad Shah, 122
Abdul Ahad, 117
Abdul Aziz, 165
Abdul Haq—Orthodox and dogmatic views on religion, 116-17, 120-21
Abdul Razzaq, 243
Abdullah Sultanpuri, 112
Abdur Rehman, 75
Abdur Rahim, son of 74 ; Abdul Haq's letters to 116 ; as a poet 138 ; a translator 164 ; library of 190, 261, 331
Abdus Samad (Shirazi) 252, 258
Abhimanyu Samant Singhar, 142
Abraham Adilshah II, cultural achievements of, 148
Abul Baqi, 274-75
Abul Khair, 116
Abul Fazl—on river Sindh 1 ; on cities 11, 13 ; on population 30, 31, 39, 47, 48 ; on society 75, 85, 105 ; on sufism 108, 110, 151, 161 ; as a historian 163 ; observations about Banaras 170 ; about Mithila 175 ; on education 182-83 ; library of 190 ; on food 193-95 ; on samskars 201 ; on games and sport 208-10 ; on festivals 213 ; on economic conditions 218, 220, 223, 225, 227, 232, 234, 237, 242 ; on painters 255 ; on portrait painting 263 ; on creation of monuments 278 ; description of Ragas 307 ; on music 308, 310 ; on Akbar's policy of conquest 327
Abul Kalam Azad, 261
Abu, 43
Adham Khan, 104
Adi Granth, 96, 97, 129, 131, 146
Afghan, zamindars, 33, 34, 36, 38, 42, 44, 45
Afghanistan, 1, 5, 6, 68, 277
Afzal-ul-Fawaid, 159
Agha Mirak, 252
Agra, 2-4 ; history and description of 8, 9 ; roads from 23-26 ; rural population 35-38, 48, 54, 84, 112, 118, 168, 187, 188, 191, 192, 197 ; Agra in economic life of India 218-26, 233, 243-45, 252, 255, 274, 275, 278, 279, 284, 299, 306, 310, 316, 323-25, 334
Agra, fort—Architecture and monuments of 279-282, 318
Agra Das, Swami, 136
Ahir, zamindars, 33, 39, 40, 45, 46
Ahmad, 261
Ahmad Bahari, 106
Ahmad Sarhindi, Shaikh, his role as a religious fanatic 116-22
Ahmed Vadghar 163
Ahmadabad, 2, 8, description of 17, 25, 26, 42, 48, 54, 189, 195, 221, 233, 243, 250, 252
Ahmadnagar, 5, 6, 22, 28, 45,

- 189, 223, 224, 228, 326
 Ahsan-us Siyar, 162
 Ajiyah, 41
 Ain-i-Akbari, 28-30, 63, 73, 84, 110, 161, 163, 197, 199, 200, 207, 236, 246, 247, 307, 310
 Ain-Mahru, 106
 Ain-i-Sikandari, 159
 Aitmad-ud-dowla, 2, 299
 Ajaigarh, 33
 Ajanta, paintings of 248, 249, 254, 266
 Ajaibul Makhlukat, 258
 Ajmer, 15, 25, 43, 108, 109, 189 ; in economic life 217-219, 222-25, 278, 283, 284, 321
 Akbar, mausoleum of 2, shot a tiger 3 ; dominions of 5, 8, 9, 10, 15 ; repairs of Ajmer 15, 18 ; construction of Allahabad fort 19, 24, 25, 28, 29, 30 ; reasons for alliance with Rajputs 46, 53 ; policy of equal treatment to all communities 55 ; recognition of Rajput primacy 57, 59, 61, 62, 65 ; persuades Rajputs to cross Indus 66, 67 ; army and military policy of 71, 73, 76 ; and Vallabha Sampradaya 82-84, 86, 104, 105, 107 ; and Islam 113-122, 125, 127 ; his contribution to the progress of Hindi lit. 137-139, 151, 161, 163, 164, 166, 171, 172, 175, 176 ; educational policy and reforms of 181-190, 193, 195, 197, 199, 201, 202, 203, 200-212, 217, 220, 221, 223, 224, 226, 227, 232, 234, 236, 237, 239, 242, 244-247 ; and painting 252-268 ; architectural activities of 277, 279, 280, 282-285, 288, 289, 291, 298, 300, 302, 303, as patron of music 309-312, 318, 319, 323, 326, 328-334
 Akbarabad, 36
 Akbar-Namah 258, 261, 327
 Akbar Shahi Sringar Darpan 125
 Akho Mehta, 144
 Alahdad Faizi 163
 Alai, Shaikh 112-113
 Alai Durwaza, 273
 Alam Khan, 69
 Ala-ud-daulah, Qazvini, 256
 Ala-ud-din Khalji, 99, 144, 159, 308, 327
 Alf Sani, 116
 Alha Khand, 130
 Ali, 214
 Ali Adilshah, 148
 Aligarh, 1, 68, 274, 278
 Ali Masjid, 23
 Allahabad, town of 18-19 ; rural population 32-34, 76, 132, 217-219, 222-225, 278, 282, 324, 332
 Allama Prabhu, 154
 Alvar, saints, 79
 Alwar, 2, 11, 37
 Amar-Kosh, 171
 Amar Singh, 171
 Ambala, 14, 23, 25, 81, 189
 Amber, 2, 15, 61, 190, 205, 303, 325
 Ambodha, 34
 Amil, 180
 Amir Hamzah, 253, 256, 258
 Amir Khusrau, 121, 133 ; his contribution to literature 147-150, 159, 160, 308, 309
 Amogha Varsha, 153
 Amritanubhav, 145
 Amritsar, 97
 Anant, 261
 Anantamatya, 156
 Anant Dev, 125
 Andarhal, 44

- Anisi Shamlu, 162
 Annamacharyulu, Tallapaka, 156
 Ansari, 33
 Antah Karan Prabodh, 123
 Anubhav Mantap, 154
 Anubhavasara, 155
 Anup talao 292
 Anwari, 37
 Anwar-i-Suhaili, 256, 258
 Aonla, 39
 Appadev, 125
 Arabia, 96, 102, 220, 238, 270, 271
 Arabian Sea 3, 325
 Arakan, 6
 Aram Jan, 75, 76
 Archipelago, 238
 Arjun Dev, Guru, 97, 146
 Anilnandi, 153
 Arungiri, 153
 Arwal, 44
 Asakaran, 138
 Asad Beg, 163
 Ashraf, K.M., 104
 Asin, 35
 Asirgarh, 2, 326
 Asrar-ul-Khat, 266
 Assam, 5, 63, 143, 234, 325, 326
 Aswin, 35
 Atharban, 33
 Atharvana, 155
 Atharveda, 164
 Atiwan, 37
 Attock, 2, 23, 24, 278
 Atrauli, 36
 Aurangabad, 29, 224
 Aurangzeb, 83, 97, 120, 150, 151, 290, 327
 Awadehi, 35
 Awadihi, 35
 Awan, 40
 Ayar Danish, 164
 Ayasa, 33
 Ayodhya, 18, 93, 135, 232, 274
 Ayyar-i-Danish, 257, 260
 Azad, Muhd. Husain, 149
 Aziz Koka, 74, 118

B

- Babur, on physical contrast in the country 3, 7, 9, 21, 23, 55, 69, 70, 73, 150, 151 ; a man of literature 161-165, 189, 216, 239, 241, 242, 252, 274, 275, 281, 310, 316, 319, 323
 Babur Nama, 2, 17, 261
 Badakhshan, 239
 Badayun, 12, 108
 Badayuni, 67, 77 ; as a historian 163 ; literary achievements of 164, 165, 245, 259, 279
 Bad ki sarai, 25
 Bad Nagar, 17
 Badshah Nama, 255
 Baghdad, 103, 108
 Bagiyal, 44
 Bagpat, 38
 Bagri, 41
 Bahadurpur, 37
 Bahadur Shah, of Gujarat, 310
 Bahadur Shah II, 151
 Baha-ud-din Zakaria, 110
 Bahu Bali, 144
 Baharistan-i-Jami, 257, 261
 Bahlolpur, 14
 Bahraich, 18, 33, 106, 107
 Bairam Khan, 289, 325
 Bairat, 37
 Bais, 40
 Bajwara, 14
 Bakarganj, 226
 Bakshu, Nayak, 306, 310
 Balasore, 240
 Bālāvabodh. 144
 Balban, 99, 159, 309
 Balchand, 261
 Baldakara, 33

- Balia, 32
 Balkh, 239
 Balnath Jogi, 232
 Balram Das, 141
 Baluchistan, 1, 5, 111, 326
 Bamangaon, 41
 Banamali Das, 174
 Banaras (Varanasi), 17, 26, 32, 67, 81, 82, 93, 107, 127, 170, 171, 175, 220, 222, 256, 262
 Banarasi Das, 65
 Banda, 92, 235
 Banda Nawaz Gesu Daraz, 133, 147
 Banderjhala, 41
 Bandhogarh, 131
 Banor, 40
 Banswara, 43
 Baqi Billah, 117, 118
 Barah, 40
 Baranij, 44
 Baraut, 38
 Barawafat, 72, 213, 330
 Barbary, 220
 Barbosa, 222
 Bardun, 37
 Barhah, 42
 Bari Doab, 43
 Baroda, 42, 249
 Barodara, 41
 Barsar, 39
 Barsiya, 41
 Bassein, 5
 Basava, 154
 Basava Puran, 154, 155
 Baswan, 255, 257, 260
 Balala, 14
 Bayana, 8, 11, 27, 35, 112, 217, 222, 223, 274
 Bayazid, Sultan, 163
 Baz Bahadur, 104, 310
 Bedanna, 155
 Bengal, 2, 3, 5 ; cities of 20-22, 25 ; rural population of 29, 30, 46, 63, 68, 78, 87, 89, 110, 151, 193, 198, 201 ; and economic condition 218-227, 234-40, 244-46, 249, 321, 326.
 Beria, 47
 Berar, 6 ; towns of distt. 22-23, 45 ; economic condition 218, 219, 224, 232, 326.
 Bernier—on Muslim character, 69, 213, 220, 242
 Bhadaon, 34
 Bhadoi, 32
 Bhagalpur, 19
 Bhagwant Das, 77, 205, 327
 Bhakar-Barkhatri, 44
 Bhakkar, 325
 Bhalana, 144
 Bhalar, 44
 Bhandal, 44
 Bhander, 37
 Bharat, king, 144
 Bharat, 304, 305
 Bharteswar-Bahubali Ghore, 143
 Bharteswar-Bahubali Ras, 143
 Bharatamrita 171
 Bharatpur, 8, 222
 Bharavi, 171
 Bharmal, 325
 Bhasanda, 37
 Bhaskar (Batesar), 35
 Bhaskar, 154, 314
 Bhatha, 125
 Bhathkora, 33
 Bhera, 2, 14
 Bhim, 45
 Bhim Kavi, 154
 Bhimesvara Puranam, 156
 Bhodia, 42
 Bhoj, 22
 Bhojpur, 36
 Bhojraj, 90
 Bholdi, 45
 Bhramar Geet, 177
 Bhupat, 61
 Bhusawar, 35
 Bias, 1
 Bider, 6, 22, 27, 40
 Bihar, 2, 3 ; towns in 19-20 ; rural population 31, 46, 63,

- 68, 151, 193 ; economic life of the country 218, 219, 221, 224, 225, 227, 234, 249, 324, 326
 Bihrozpur, 37
 Bijagarh, 41
 Bijapur, 6, 22, 27, 148, 189, 224, 234, 326
 Bijnor, 12
 Bika, Rao, 16
 Bikaner, 2, 15, 221, 303, 326
 Bimalipatam, 240
 Bipradas Pinlai, 140
 Birbar, 67, 77, 262, 295
 Bokhara, 6, 239
 Bombay, 1, 246, 251
 Bommarasa, 154
 Bostan, 165, 252
 Borias, 33
 Borneo, 222, 235, 238
 Brahma, 78
 Brahman, zamindars, 32-47
 Brahmaputra, 3, 142
 Brijnath Badjena, 142
 Broach, 17, 25, 26, 42, 219
 Brown, N., 250
 Brown, P., 281, 283, 295, 297, 299, 302, 303
 Budaji, 90
 Buddha, 315
 Budharaja, 155
 Bundelkhand, 2, 46
 Bundi, 2 ; description 15, 16
 Burhanpur, 22, 27, 189
 Burma, 6, 219, 238

C

- Cairo, 103
 Calcutta, 4, 20
 Calicut, 22, 219, 235, 238
 Cambay, 17, 219, 240, 249
 Cape of Good Hope, 238
 Ceylon, 235, 238, 240, 244
 Chaitanya, 87, 89, 124, 126, 140, 141, 143
 Chaitanya-Charitamrita, 140
 Chak, 45
 Chakradhar, 145
 Chamar, 40, 47
 Chambal, 1, 27, 267
 Champaner, 17, 42
 Chamrasa, 154
 Champaran, 19, 234
 Chandayan, 133, 135, 250
 Chandal Mandal, 209
 Chand Bardai, 130
 Chanderi, 21, 41, 324
 Chandi Das, 140
 Chandi Das, Anand Babu, 140
 Chandi Das, Davija, 140
 Chandipur, 32
 Chandrawati, 174
 Chandra raja, 153
 Chandra raya, 153
 Chandra Sekhar, 125
 Chandrotsvam, 157
 Chandwar, 35, 217
 Changan, 210
 Charan, 57
 Chari, 249
 Chatgaon (Chittagong), 5, 20, 26, 240, 244
 Chatterji, S. K., 129, 134
 Chatuhasloki, 123
 Chaturbhuj Das, 84, 137
 Chauhan, Arnoraj, 12
 Chauhan, zamindars, 32, 36, 41, 42, 43
 Chaul, 22, 240
 Chaumuha, 35
 Chausa, 32
 Chausth, 35
 Chavinda raya, 153
 Chenhat, 44
 Cheros, 47
 Chhibar Nath, 267
 Chhaprauli, 38
 China, 3, 6, 194, 235, 238, 239, 261
 Chinaur, 36
 Chintamani, Misra, 126

Chitrakut, 93
 Chitrasutra, 266
 Chitravali, 132, 134
 Chittor, 2, 15, 16, 27, 43, 90,
 134, 137, 268, 281, 303,
 305, 317, 318, 325
 Chunar, 3, 18, 325
 Cochin, 22, 158, 234, 235, 240

Cochin-China, 234, 235
 Constantinople, 275.
 Coomaraswamy, 250
 Coromandal, 238, 240
 Coryat, Thomas, 4, 24, 101
 Crooke, William, 48
 Cutch, Rann of, 232

D

Dabhoi, 42
 Dabhol, 22
 Dacca 4, 20, 299, 321
 Dadah, 40
 Dadbalsa, 40
 Dadri, 38, 39
 Daggupati Duggana, 156
 Dakhili, 216
 Dalazak, 44
 Dalton, 48
 Daman, 6, 18
 Damascus, 278
 Damodar, 305
 Damodar Bhatt, 165
 Damodar Pandit, 130
 Danakeli Chandrika, 314
 Dandar, 41
 Dangi, 41
 Daniyal, 73, 165
 Dankaur, 38
 Darab Namah, 257
 Darbhanga, 173
 Daryabad, 34
 Darwis Babrām, 162
 Dasehra, 114, 211, 330
 Daswant, 255, 257
 Dattatreya, 146
 Datia, 303
 Daud, Mulla, 133, 135
 Daud, Shaikh, 107
 Daudayal, 131, 132
 Daughalat, Mirza Haider, 162
 Daulat, 261
 Daulat Khan, 69, 96, 324
 Daulatrao Sindhia, 168
 Deccan, 3 ; civilization of 5; ru-
 ral population in provinces of

45, 112, 148, 150, 236, 249,
 267, 324, 333
 Deeg, 35
 Dehradun, 4
 Delhi, 2, 4 ; description of 11-
 12 ; rural population of 38-
 39, 47, 51, 54, 85, 99, 108-
 110, 111, 116, 148-151, 178,
 180, 181, 188, 192, 195, the
 economic condition of 210,
 217-219, 222-224, 243-250,
 252, 253 ; architecture and
 monuments of 272-277, 280,
 301, 309, 321, 325
 Devajit, 142
 Devaraya II, 156
 Deval Rani wa Khizra Khan,
 159
 Devi Mahatmya, 250
 Devji, 257
 Deva Vimla, 125
 Dewak, 39
 Dhaka, 39
 Dhakare, zamindars, 36, 40
 Dhaliwal, 43
 Dhanna, 94
 Dhanraj, 261
 Dhanvin, 126
 Dhar, 22
 Dharar, 41
 Dharam Das, 261
 Dhareja, 45
 Dharma Das, 131
 Dharma Nath, 154
 Dhaur Pariksha, 173
 Dholpur, 21, 27, 274
 Dhruva Das, 137

Dhundiraj, 126
 Dhur, 41
 Dhyan Lila 177
 Dibha, 32
 Dingi, 41
 Din-i-Ilahi, 115, 162
 Din-i-Panah, 275
 Dinakrishna Das, 142
 Dipchand Manjhela, 67
 Diu, 6, 18, 240, 244
 Diwali, 53, 54, 114, 212, 213,
 330
 Diwan-i-Anwari, 257, 260
 Diwan-i-Hafiz, 257, 270

Diwan-i-Shahi, 257, 261
 Dodia, 42
 Donia, 45
 Dudai, 45
 Dudilah, 39
 Duhna, 40
 Dunda, 41
 Dungarpur, 43
 Durgawati, 174
 Dutch, 48 ; trade with India,
 232, 233, 238, 246
 Duttadidhiti, 125
 Dwija Madhav, 199
 Dwarika, 91

E

Egypt, 102 ; trade with India,
 238-240
 Eichhi, 33
 Elephanta, 316
 Ellichpur, 22
 Ellora, 248, 316
 Eminabad, 44
 Eran, 41

Errapragada 155
 Etah, 159
 Etawah, 35
 Ethiopia, 220
 Europe, 48 ; and Indian trade
 with 233, 234, 238, 240, 244,
 321
 Ezhuthachan, 158

F

Fadl-ul-ullah, 266
 Faizabad, 26, 34
 Faizi, 105, 116, 161, 165, 188,
 199, 291
 Farah, 111
 Farghana, 239
 Farhang-i-Sikandari, 160
 Faridabad, 23
 Farid Bokhari, 116, 118
 Faridpur 226
 Farid-ud-din Masud, Ganj-i-
 Sakar, 109, 129
 Farrukh, 257, 261
 Farrukh Siyar, 61
 Fatehpur (Agra) 35
 Fatehpur (Ajmer) 43
 Fatehpur Hansua, 33
 Fatehpur Sikri, 8 ; description
 of 9-10, 26, 48, 54, 112, 116,

166 ; architecture and
 monuments of, 185-192, 220,
 221, 243-45, 263, 280, 284,
 286, 289, 291, 293, 295,
 298, 299, 300, 318, 321,
 332
 Fawaid-ul-Fuad, 160
 Fergusson, 299, 300, 302
 Feuillet de Conches, 257
 Finch, William, 9, 13, 24, 26,
 192, 225, 284
 Fiqh, 180
 Firdausi, 251
 Firishta, Hindubeg, 163, 190
 Firuz Shah Tughlaq, 12, 99,
 107, 111, 133, 178, 217
 Fitch, Ralph, 9, 100, 101, 198,
 244

G

- Gabriel, 263
 Gadi, 40
 Gadugina-Bharat, 155
 Gagron, 42
 Gahlot, zamindars, 36, 43
 Gajadhar Bhatt, 137
 Gandmak, 23
 Ganesh chauth, 212
 Gang 137
 Gang-Pachisi, 138
 Gang-Padavali, 138
 Gang-Rakshavali, 138
 Ganesh Stotra, 138
 Ganga, 1, 67, 101, 176, 205, 282
 Gangadhar, 126, 164
 Gangaru Khera, 39
 Ganaur, 39
 Garasia, 42
 Garhwal, 267
 Garh Mandal, 22, 41
 Gaughat, 85, 86
 Gaurana, 156
 Gaur, 20, 243, 321
 Gauranarya, 305
 Gauri Nath, 166
 Gaya, 19, 87, 207
 Geetawali, 93, 136
 Geet-Govind, 305
 Ghaghra, 1, 225, 324
 Ghatampur, 33
 Ghawwasi, 148
 Ghazali, 162
 Ghazi Khan, 189
 Ghazi Malik, 107
 Ghazipur, 18, 32
 Ghazni, 239
 Ghiyaspur, 108
 Ghiyas-ud-din Muhammad (Khavand Mir), 162
 Ghiyas-ud-din Tughlaq, 159
 Ghogah, 227
 Gilan, 162
 Gita, Bhagwat, 79
 Girdhar, 83
 Goa, 22, 240
 Godavari, 1
 Godhra, 43
 Gogha, 240
 Gokul, 82, 86
 Gokulnath, 83
 Golah, 39
 Golkunda, 6, 22, 29, 147, 189, 198, 326
 Gomati, 18, 277
 Gond, zamindars, 41, 46, 47
 Gondwana, 22, 174, 325
 Gopal Bhatt, 126
 Gopal Champu, 124
 Gopal Das, 126
 Gopendra Tippa, 305
 Gopinath Sharma, 82, 267
 Gorakh Nath, 145
 Gorias, 33
 Gorakhpur, 18, 33, 34
 Goverdhan, 81, 84, 86
 Goverdhan, Puja, 212
 Govind Dev, 88
 Govind Deo, 303
 Govind Prabhu Charita, 145
 Govind Singh, Guru, 98
 Govind Swami, 137
 Gray, 257, 259
 Grierson, George, 136
 Gujar, zamindars, 36-39, 41, 44-47
 Gujarat, towns of 17, 23, 24 ; rural population 42, 64, 82, 111, 113, 144, 145, 164, 189, 193 ; economic condition, 219, 220, 222, 225, 227, 236, 245, 247, 280, 289, 310, 312, 324, 325
 Gulbadan Begam, 162
 Gulistan, 259
 Gunavyaya Gani, 126
 Guner, 33
 Gupta, Mata Prasad, 133
 Gurdaspur, 183, 232
 Gurgaon, 232
 Guru-Charitra, 146
 Gwalior, 21, 36, 166, 189, 192 ;

architecture and monu- 319, 322, 324, 332
 ments, 274, 278, 281, 306, Gwalias, 42

H

- Habib-us-siyar, 162
 Haidari, 74
 Haji-Begam, 276
 Haj Muhammad Naqqash, 251
 Hajj, 106
 Hakim, Mirza, 24
 Haldhar Basu, 140
 Hallajis, 108
 Hamida Banu Begam, 187
 Handia, 42
 Hans-giri, 317
 Hanuman, 293
 Hanuman Bahuk, 93
 Hapur, 39
 Hara, 43
 Hardatt Mishra, 127
 Hardoi, 138
 Haridas, Swami, 137
 Hari-Gauri Samvad, 142
 Harihar, 154
 Harihar, Vipra, 142
 Harivansh Puran, 164
 Harpur, 37
 Harvilas, 156
 Hasan Abdal, 23
 Hasan Basri, 108
 Hasan Khan, 275
 Hastinapur, 39
 Hasht-Bihist, 323
 Havell, 302
 Hayati (Gilan), 162
 Hazara, 277
 Hajipur, 19
 Heer Vijay Suri, 165
 Hema Saraswati, 142
 Hem Chandra, 143, 313
 Hemu, 325
 Herat, 162, 251
 Hidaya Akherin, 180
 Hidayatun Nahv, 180
 Hikamat, 180
 Himalaya, description of 3; economic importance of 4, 324
 Hindaun, 35, 223
 Hindukush, 1, 5
 Hinglajgarh, 267
 Hissar, 239
 Hissar Firuza, 40
 Hira Sobhagyam, 125
 Hirdaya Rai, 136
 Hita-Harivansh, 137
 Hitopadesh, 164, 171
 Holi, 53, 114, 212, 330
 Hoogly, 222
 Hujwiri, 108
 Hulakki Bhaskar, 155
 Hululis, 108
 Humayun, 69, 73, 161, 162, 181, 188, 197, 253, 256, 275-277, 316, 319, 323-325, 333
 Humayun Nama, 162, 187
 Husain Shab, Sultan, 140
 Husain s/o Ali, 214
 Huzni, 162

I

- Ibahtis, 108
 Ibn-al-Arabi, 110, 121
 Ibrahimabad, 34
 Ibrahim s/o Adham, 108
 Ibrahim Haji, 164
 Ibrahim Khan, 69, 70, 103, 243, 324, 333
 Ibrahim Shah Sharqi, 310
 Ichchawati Haran, 174
 Id-i-Milad, 213
 Id-ul-Fitr, 72, 213, 330
 Id-ul-Zuha, 72, 213, 330
 Iltutmish, 99, 103, 108
 Inayat, 261

Inayatullah, 163
 Indargarh 267
 Indrakot, 233
 Indrawati, 133
 Indri, 38
 Indus, 1, 66
 Iraq, 9, 239
 Irij, 37

Isakhel, 44
 Ishwar Das, 135
 Ishwarpuri, 87
 Islam Khan, 300
 Islam, Shah, 112, 113
 Ismail, Shaikh, 74
 Ispahan, 162

J

Jabalpur, 316
 Jagannath Das, 141
 Jagannath Vallabha, 314
 Jagnik, 130
 Jahangir, 9, 54, 73, 76, 83, 118-
 120, 150, 151, 187, 195, 203,
 205, 211, 221, 224, 236,
 263, 266, 285, 299, 300,
 320
 Jahiyal, 40
 Jaichand Prakash, 130
 Jaidev, 171
 Jaimal, 318
 Jaimini, 171
 Jaimini Bharat, 156
 Jaipur, 259, 262, 269
 Jai Ram, 95
 Jais, 134
 Jaisal, 16
 Jaisalmer, 16, 61, 177, 221,
 269, 325
 Jaisi, 63, 134
 Jai Shekhar, 144
 Jaiswal, K. P., 176
 Jajmau, 33
 Jakhbhar, 183
 Jakkana, 156
 Jalalabad, 38, 44
 Jalalain, 180
 Jalal Khan, 76
 Jalal Khan Qorchi, 76
 Jalal-ud-din (of Thanesar), 165
 Jalal-ud-din Khalji, 159
 Jalal-ud-din Multani, 187
 Jalal-ud-din Rumi, 188
 Jallandhar, 43
 Jalor, 16, 43, 226

Jamal Khan, 187
 Jamal, Shaikh, 74
 Jamali, Kamboh Shaikh, 160
 Jamal-ud-din, 160
 Jam-i-Jam, 165
 Jammu, 326
 Jamrud, 23
 Janaki-Mangal, 93
 Janawar, 41
 Jangomes, 235
 Janohah, 44
 Jareja, 45
 Jarhali, 37
 Jasrotiah, 43
 Jatipura, 82
 Jat, zamindars, 37-47
 Jatus, 40
 Java, 235, 238
 Jauhar Aftabchi, 163
 Jaunpur, 18, 26, 32, 111, 188,
 225, 233, 306, 325
 Jetha, 41
 Jhajlai, 38
 Jhala, 41
 Jhelam, 276
 Jhinjhinan, 38
 Jhunjhnu, 43, 204
 Jhusi, 32
 Jind, 40
 Jiva Goswami, 88, 124
 Jivandhara, 154
 Jnana Das, 141
 Jnandev, 79, 80, 140
 Jnanesvari, 79, 145
 Jodha, Rathore, 16
 Jodhpur, 16, 27, 43, 91, 303,
 325

Jogdekamalla, 304
Jog-Vashisht, 258-262

Junah, 45

K

- Kabah, 106
Kabir, life and teachings of
92, 94-96, 100 ; as a poet
130, 131, 161
Kabul, 23, 24, 28, 45, 66, 122,
239, 241
Kabuli Beg, 274
Kabuli Khan, 75, 312
Kachhi, zamindars 45, 47
Kachhwaha, zamindars, 35-
37, 43
Kaiqubad, 159
Kakatiya, Prataprudra Deva,
155
Kakroli, 278
Kalamekam, 153
Kalam, 180, 257
Kalanaur, 24
Kalanidhi, 305
Kali Das, 157, 158
Kalinjar, 19, 306, 325
Kalkacharya Katha, 251
Kallinatha, 305
Kalpi, 35, 223
Kalwar, 47
Kalpasutra, 177, 250, 268
Kamal-ud-din Bihzad, as a
painter 251-256, 262
Kamarah, 41
Kamatapur, 142
Kamban, 152, 157
Kam Dahanam, 158
Kameh, 38
Kanakabhisheka, 156
Kanan, 41
Kanchipuram, 316
Kanchipuramahatmya, 156
Kangra, 126, 317
Kannauj, 1, 26, 36, 106, 121,
326
Kanhad Dev, 144
Kanhad de Prabandh, 144
Kanit, 39
Kanodah, 38
Kanori, 38
Kanti, 37, 154
Karamritam, 158
Karbala, 214
Karim, 95
Karkha Ramayan, 136
Karmachand Vansh Prabandh
125
Karna 144
Karnal, 23, 188
Karnatak, 306
Karnatak Bhasha Bhushan,
154
Kara, 33, 132
Kartarpur 96
Kashi Khandam, 156
Kashmir, towns of 14-15 ;
rural population of 45, 169,
193, 196 ; and economic
condition of India 218-224,
233, 234, 309, 325, 326
Kashi Nath Bhattacharya, 166
Katak, 21, 321
Katha Sandarbha 124
Kathiawar, 43, 64, 326
Kati Virham, 158
Kavi Chandra, 126
Kavipriya 199-209
Kavivayar, Rangnath, 153
Kavisurya, Baldeva, 142
Kavitawali, 93, 136
Kayasth, zamindars, 32-47
Kedar Bhatt 130
Kerara Padmasam 154
Kesari Raja 154
Kesav Das, 199, 209
Kesav Misra, 126
Keshav (Painter), 257
Khairabad, 18, 34, 165
Kbairgarh, 32
Khair-ud-din, 188
Khair-ul-Manzil, 277

- Khamsa-i-Amir Khusrau, 258
 Khamsa-i-Nizami, 253
 Khamsah-Panj Ganj, 159
 Khand Bajra, 37
 Khandela, 35
 Khandesh, 6 ; towns of 22, 218,
 219, 224, 228, 326
 Khanua, 90, 324
 Khaqani, 165
 Kharkhanda, 38, 39
 Kharba, 42
 Kharwal, 36
 Kharwar, 47
 Khasi, 45
 Khasia, 39
 Khatauli, 36
 Khati, 41, 47
 Khatola, 37
 Khattri, zamindars, 43, 44
 Khauri, 40
 Khawaspur, 23
 Khazain-ul-Futuh, 159
 Khem Karan, 260
 Khera Math, 177
 Khizrabad, 217
 Khodana, 38
 Khohri Rana, 37
 Khokhar, zamindars, 39, 43-45
 Khori, 43
 Khujraho, 316
 Khulasat-ul-Hisab 180
 Khulasat-ul-tawarikh, 175, 227
 Khuman Raso, 130
 Khurasan, 9, 239
 Khusrau, 185
 Khwaja, Husain Sanai, 161
 Khwaja, Nazm-ud-din Hasan,
 159
 Khawaja, Nizam-ud-din
 Ahmad, 163
 Kilippatt, 158
 Kimiya-i-Saadat, 165
 Kindersley, 321
 Kiyarah, 37
 Kodars, 39
 Koil, 31
 Koka Sandesam, 157
 Koli, 41
 Kondapuram, 317
 Konkan, 240
 Kora-Jahanabad, 33
 Kori, 47
 Kot-Salbahan, 39
 Kota, 223
 Kotisvara, 154
 Kotla, 38
 Krishna (Lord), 79, 81-84, 86-
 92, 94, 95, 126, 134, 137,
 161, 193, 311
 Krishna Das, 84, 137
 Krishna Das, Kaviraj, 140
 Krishnadeva Raya, 81, 305,
 324
 Krishna Geetawali, 136
 Krishna Rukamani ree Beli,
 139, 174
 Krishna Pandit Bhattacharji,
 166
 Krishnāshraya, 123
 Krittivas Ojha Mukhati, 140
 Kshetramahatmya, 156
 Kubra, 180
 Kulu, 317
 Kumaon, 39, 317
 Kumar Sambhav, 158, 314
 Kumbha, Rana, 268, 305, 312,
 313
 Kumbhalgarh, 268
 Kumbhan Das, 84, 137
 Kumbi, zamindars, 34, 35, 37,
 42
 Kudki, 90

L

- Lachhman, 257
 Lahore, description of 13, 23 ;
 rural population 43-44, 48,
 54, 74, 95, 108, 192, 199 ;
 in economic life 219, 220,
 222-224, 243-245, 257, 278,
 281, 324, 332
 Laila wa Majnu, 159

Lakhnauti, 30, 54
 Lakshman Dipika, 305
 Lakshmi Narain, 305
 Lakshmi Nath Bhatt, 126
 Lalit Madhav, 124
 Lal Kalavant, 310
 Lila-Tilkam, 157

Lilavati, 154
 Lochan Das 141
 Lodh, 35
 Lodia, 42
 Lonar, 232, 233
 London, 9
 Lucknow, 18, 26, 36

M

Madanpur, 249
 Madan Verma, 245
 Madhava, 125
 Madhava Kundali, 142
 Madhavanal Kam Kandala,
 139
 Madhavdev, 143
 Madhu Malti, 134
 Madhura, 154
 Madhu Saraswati, 165
 Madhu Sudan, 165
 Madnapal Gahadvar, 305
 Madura, 317
 Madurai, 316
 Magdhacharya, 145
 Mahaban, 35
 Mahabharat, 8, 53, 146, 152-
 154, 164, 183, 184, 259,
 265, 269
 Mahadevi Akka, 154
 Mahadevi Verma, 92
 Mahanubhav, 145
 Mahdi, 111
 Mahesh Mahanand, 164
 Mahesh Thakur, 175
 Mahidhar, 127
 Mahmud I, 111
 Mahmud Gaznavi, 188
 Mahmud Khalji, 304
 Mahmud Sherani, 149
 Mahoba, 33
 Mahrar, 44
 Majd-ud-din Mubarak, 109
 Majhawan, 33
 Makanpur, 106
 Makhati, 41
 Maktubat-i-Allami, 163
 Maktubat-i-Hazrat, 163

Malabar, 206, 234, 240
 Malda, 20, 30
 Maldev, 16, 91
 Maler, 40
 Malikarjunabhatta, 155
 Malikpur, 36
 Mallacca, 219, 240
 Mallana, 156
 Malook Das, 132
 Malwa, population of 40-41,
 104, 177, 184, 185 ; and
 economic condition of the
 country 217, 218, 222-225,
 278, 309, 312, 324, 325
 Mamallapuram, 316
 Manachanna, 155
 Manak Chand, 126
 Manawi, 165
 Man Bai, 203, 205
 Mandakini, 92
 Mandanithi, 38
 Mandawar, 35
 Mandelslo, 104
 Mandvi Gaur, 285
 Mandleswar, 41
 Mandor, 317
 Mandsor, 42
 Mandu, 41, 250, 252, 309
 Mangal Chandeer Geet, 199
 Mangala Kavya, 141
 Mangaras, 154
 Mangharwal 44
 Mangola, 82
 Mangotala, 35
 Manhas, 44
 Manik Datta, 141
 Manjhan, 134
 Mankot, 326

- Manohar, 257, 261
 Manohar Kachhawaha, 139
 Manorama, 126
 Man Singh of Amber, 326
 Man Singh Tanwar, 192, 274, 281, 305, 310, 322
 Muntakhab-ut-tawarikh, 163, 279
 Maqbulabad, 42
 Maqbul, Khan-i-Jahan, 133
 Maqsud, 252
 Māranā, 155
 Mariam, 264, 265, 294, 295, 322
 Marshall, 271, 274
 Masandabad, 38
 Masud Husain, 149
 Masulipattam, 22, 29, 235, 246
 Matanga Bharat, 305
 Mathura, description of 11, 23, 82, 85, 86, 89, 91, 168, 184, 315
 Mau, 306
 Maulana Sheri, 164
 Mauza, 216
 Mauzpur, 37
 Mawar-un-Nahr, 9
 Mazumdar, R.C., 98
 Mecca, 103, 111, 112, 115, 116
 Medina, 103
 Meerut, 39
 Megapattam, 240
 Meghdoot, 171
 Meghna, 21, 245
 Mehta, N.C., 250
 Meo, zamindars, 37, 38, 46
 Merta, 16, 90, 91
 Mewar, 90, 211, 268, 324, 325
 Mewat, 37, 38, 114, 324
 Mian Hatim Sambali 160
 Mian Ladan, 187
 Mian Shaikh, 187
 Miana, 34
 Mianas, 43
 Midhakur 226
 Minas, 37
 Mir Kalan Harovi, 187
 Mir Sayyid Muh. Jaunpuri, 111; 113
 Mira Bai, her life and religious views 89-92, 137, 174, 306
 Mirak Mirza Ghiyas, 274
 Miran Bahadur, 326
 Miran Sayyid, 187
 Miraqi Naqqash, 251
 Mirat-ul-Ashiqin, 133, 147
 Mirza Ala-ud-daula, 163
 Miskin, 257, 260, 261
 Mithila, 175, 176
 Mizan, 180
 Mocha, 236
 Monserrate, A., on towns and cities of India 7, 10, 11; on education of Akbar's sons 185; and the princesses 187, 191; on Akbar's dress 197; on wealth and prosperity of Agra and Fatehpur Sikri, 243, 244, 316, 318
 Moreland, 221, 227, 240
 Motichand, 249, 266
 Mrigavati, 134
 Mubarak, 165
 Mufti, 71
 Muhammad (Ghur), 149
 Muhammad Ghaus, 134, 166
 Muhammad Husain Kashmiri, 259
 Muhammad Khan, 164
 Muhammad Shah (1719-48), 148, 151
 Muhammad Tughlaq, 306
 Muhammadabad, 32
 Muhammadpur, 41
 Muhtasib, 71
 Muin-ud-din Chishti, 108, 214, 283, 284
 Mukand Ram, 141, 209
 Muktesvar, 146
 Mukund, 257, 261
 Mukunda Raja, 145
 Mulkh Raj Anand, 248
 Mulla Ahmad, 164
 Multan, 27; population of 44, 45, 76, 176; and economic condition, 217, 218, 222-

225, 232
 Multani (Hansi), 40
 Munayr, 165
 Munim Khan, 277
 Munj, 41
 Munshaib, 180
 Murad s/o Akbar, 73, 184, 185
 Murari Gupta, 140

Murshidabad, 20
 Musallimas Subut, 180
 Muwaiya, 214
 Muzaffar Ali, 252
 Muzaffar Khan, 76
 Muzaffar Shah, 324
 Muzaffarnagar, 68
 Mysore, 206

N

Nabhadas, 124, 136
 Nadia, 87, 176
 Nadir-ul-Mulk, 253
 Nafa-i-sul Masir, 256
 Nafaht-al-uns, 258, 262
 Nagapatam, 23
 Nagarchain, 279
 Nagarkot, 13
 Nagaur, 43
 Nagavarma II, 154
 Nagavarmacharya, 153
 Nag Chandra, 154
 Nag Daman, 177
 Nahv, 180
 Naik, 45
 Naishadha charit 156
 Naithan, Mirza, 104
 Najm-ud-din Sugra, 110
 Nalanda, 167
 Nala Vemba, 152
 Nalayira Prabandham, 152
 Nambi-Andar Nambi, 152
 Namdeva, 145
 Nanak, life and teachings of
 92, 95-98, 100, 129, 131
 Nanamau, 36
 Nand Das, 137
 Nandi Mallaya, 156
 Nandod, 42
 Nanha, 260
 Nannechoda, 155
 Nanniah, 155
 Naqib Khan, 259
 Narasimha Mehta, 144
 Narasimha Saraswati, 127, 146
 Narayan Bhatt, 127
 Narayan Saraswati, 127

Narayan Vilas, 313
 Nardi, 45
 Narela, 23
 Narhar, 38
 Narhari, 137
 Narhari Anand, 92
 Narhari Sarkar, 140
 Narmada, 41
 Narnaul, 38
 Naru, 43
 Narwar, 21, 27, 144
 Nasir-ud-din Chirag, 109
 Nasir-ud-din, Khusrau Shah, 107
 Nataka Chandrika, 313
 Natam Kusam, 313
 Nathadwara, 267
 Nathmuni, 79, 152
 Natya Darpan, 313
 Nauraman, 36
 Nauroz, 72, 114, 210
 Navanadh charitra, 156
 Nayasen, 154
 Nemichand, 154
 Nemichand Bhandari, 144
 Nepal, 249
 Nesfield, 48
 Niazi, Abdullah, 111, 112
 Nikodar, 23
 Nilkantha, 126
 Nirala, 92
 Nirodh Lakshan, 124
 Nissanka kammana, 156
 Nizamabad, 32
 Nizami, Shaikh, 165
 Nizam-ud-din (Amethi), 165
 Nizam-ud-din Aulia, 109, 147,
 148, 159, 214, 277, 308

Noakhali, 226
 Nundurbar, 17, 42
 Nunhera, 38
 Nurjahan, 198, 199

Nur-ud-din Mubarak, 109
 Nurul Anwar, 180
 Nur Muhammad, 133, 135

O

Odhi, 35
 Oel, 35
 Orchha, 303
 Orissa, population of 31, 46

169, 174 ; economic condition ; 212, 213, 225, 312, 320, 321

P

Padma (r), 21
 Padma Nabha, 144
 Padma Sundar, 125
 Padmavat, 63, 134
 Padmini, 134
 Paes, 29
 Pahari, 38
 Pak Pattan, 109, 129
 Pakistan, 1
 Pelsaert, 192, 242
 Palestine, 222
 Palnati-Vircharitra, 156
 Palwal, 38
 Pampur, 233
 Pandua, 321
 Panipat, 23, 38, 39
 Panjab, 5; notable towns in 14, 27 ; population 41, 46, 63, 95, 109, 146, 183, 189 ; economic condition, 217, 220, 222, 225, 227, 232, 276, 311, 312
 Pancha Tantra, 248
 Panch-Padya, 124
 Paraich, 37
 Parasali, 86
 Paraspur, 233
 Parchi Kabir, 177
 Parel, 316
 Parijat Harinam, 158
 Parmanand Das, 126, 137
 Parma-Indra, 166
 Parvati Mangal, 93, 209
 Pasi zamindars, 47, 51, 63

Pataliputra, 19
 Patanjali, 181
 Pataudi, 38
 Pathankot, 24
 Patiali, 159
 Patna, 19, 27, 101, 221, 232, 233
 Pattan, 42
 Paund, 39
 Pegu, 224, 235, 236, 240
 Persia, 24, 101, 162, 193, 220, 222, 238, 241, 244, 271, 323, 329, 331
 Peshawar, 23
 Philaur, 23
 Philippines, 222
 Pinangwan, 38
 Pipli, 240
 Pina Virabhadra, 156
 Portuguese, 18, 21, 22, 23, 48, 100, 191, 227 ; traders 233-36, 238, 241
 Poonatanam, 158
 Poyyamoti Pulivar, 153
 Prabhakar, 127
 Prabodh Chandrodaya, 156
 Prabodh Chintamani, 144
 Prahlad charita, 142
 Pravara, 60
 Prayag, 18, 67, 82, 94, 213, 315
 Premchand Chauhan, 136
 Prithvi Chandra Charit, 144
 Prithviraj III, 109
 Prithviraj (poet), 138, 174

Prithviraj Raso, 130
 Pugalendi, 152
 Pulicat, 240
 Punam, 158

Puranmal, 81
 Puri, 213
 Purnanand, 127
 Pustipravah Maryada, 124

Q

Qabusnama, 165
 Qalandar, Shah Bu Ali, 148
 Qandhar, 24, 217, 241, 326
 Qanun-i-Humayuni, 162
 Qasim Ali, 252
 Qasim Bazar, 222
 Qasim Shah, 135
 Qazwin, 162
 Qiran-us-sadain, 159
 Quilon, 22, 235, 240

Quran, 71, 95, 97, 108, 109,
 120, 161, 162, 177, 330
 Qutb-ud-din
 —Aibak, 273
 —Bakhtiar Kaki, 109
 —Mubark Shah, 107, 159
 Qutbshah
 —Abdulla, 148
 —Muhammad, 148
 —Muhammad Quli, 148
 Qutb-wa-Mustari, 148

R

Rabia al Adawiyas, 108
 Rabi Das, 131
 Radha, 83, 140
 Radha Damodar, 88
 Radha Raman, 88
 Rafi-ud-din Safawi, 187
 Raghav Pandaviya, 171
 Raghunandan Misra, 127
 Raghunandan Suri, 127
 Raghu Nath Siromany, 176
 Rahim Kavitalwali, 138
 Rahim Vilas, 138
 Rahiman Chandrika, 138
 Rahiman Ratnawali, 138
 Rahiman Satak, 138
 Rahiman Vinod, 138
 Rahamatullahi, zamindars,
 32, 33
 Rai Bareli, 33
 Rai Kishan Das, 250
 Raikwar, 34
 Raipur, 35
 Raisin, 41
 Rai Singh, 138
 Raiyati, 216
 Rajabpur, 39
 Rajapur, 92, 240

Raja-Ratnavaliyam, 158
 Rajasthan-towns in 15-16 ;
 population, 45, 48, 57, 59,
 61, 63, 64, 92, 129, 170,
 177, 185, 220, 232 ; style of
 painting 267-69, 325
 Raj Bali Pande, 201
 Raj Sekhar, 144
 Raj Sekhar Suri, 305
 Rajyasuya Yajna, 143
 Raksha bandhan, 53, 212, 330
 Rakshit Panjika, 171
 Rama (Lord), 92, 95
 Rambai, 174
 Ramagya Prashnawali, 136
 Ramanand, 94, 135
 Ramanuj, 80, 94, 155
 Ramayana, 53, 92, 93, 135,
 136, 152, 155, 257, 260
 Ramchandra Baghel, 135
 Ramchandra Charit Puran, 154
 Ramchandra Rajya, 314
 Ram Das, Guru, 97, 146
 Ram Lala Nahachhu, 93, 136
 Ram Naumi, 212
 Ram Salākā, 136
 Ramzan, 213

- Rana Pratap, 327
 Randor, 17
 Ranghars, 45
 Rangare, 43
 Rang Nath (Kumar Vyas), 155
 Ranthambhor, 43, 125
 Ranu, 45
 Rasa Manjari, 126
 Rasan, 33
 Rasikpriyah, 177
 Raskhan, 105, 134, 331
 Ratana, 38
 Ratan Singh, Rana, 90
 Rath, 36
 Ratha Yatra, 213
 Ratnathacharya, 127
 Ratnawali, 93
 Ratneswar Misra, 127
 Ravana, 314
 Ravi, 1
 Ravi Das, 94
 Ravindra Nath Tagore, 140
 Rawal Pindi, 24
 Rawatbanshi, 41
 Rayamallabhadaya, 125
 Razm Namah, 164, 257, 259, 260, 265
 Razzaq, Abdul, 29
 Rechnau, 44
 Red Sea, 234, 235, 240
 Renuka, 85
 Rewa, 131, 135, 325
 Riazi, 180
 Rinha, 44
 Risala-i-quash-ajia, 180
 Rishabh Deva, 144
 Risle, 48, 49
 Rizq-ullah, 161, 163
 Rizvi, S.A.A., 110, 111
 Roe, Thomas, 223, 285
 Rohtak, 38
 Rohtas, 24, 276
 Rola Ramayana, 136
 Ruchera, 37
 Rudauli, 34
 Rudra Kandali, 34
 Rukmangada Charita, 156
 Rukn-ud-din, 111
 Runkuta, 23
 Rup Goswami, 88, 90, 124, 313, 314
 Rupmati, 104
 Ruqqat-i-Abul Fazl, 163

S

- Saadi, 252
 Sabuhi Chagtai, 162
 Sadbar, 40
 Sadevatsa-Sanvali-Gori-Wat, 174
 Sadhu Sindar Giri, 127
 Sadiq Namah, 162
 Safidun, 38, 217
 Sagar, (Doab), 44
 Sahar, 38
 Sahar Baba Haji, 41
 Saharanpur, 39
 Saheja, 45
 Sahiswan, 39
 Sahitya Darpan, 171
 Sahti, 41
 Sahrul-Hayat, 258
 Said Ahmad Khan, 291
 Saiyyid Muhammad Gesu Daraz, 110
 Salabhanjak, 315
 Salar, 40
 Salar Masud Ghazi, 106, 107
 Salibhadra, 143
 Salima Sultan Begam, 187, 289
 Salim Chishti, Shaikh, 74, 105, 112, 166, 295, 296, 298, 300, 322
 Samarqand, 239, 278
 Samas Manda, 39
 Samaya Sundragiri, 127
 Sambhal, 12, 39, 189
 Sambhar, 232
 Samskara Kaustubha, 125
 Sanatan Goswami, 88, 89, 124
 Sanchi, 315

- Sanga, 90
 Sanganer, 132
 Sangit Chudāmani, 314
 Sangit Ratnakar, 305
 Sangit Siromany, 309
 Sangita Darpan, 305
 Sangita Makarand, 304
 Sangitaraga, 305, 313
 Sangita Sara, 305
 Sangita Sarvodaya, 305
 Sangwan, 40
 Santhal, 47
 Sanwas, 42
 Sanyas Nirnaya, 124
 Saradalanaya, 313
 Saram Kavi, 154
 Saranath, 315
 Sarangdeva, 304
 Sarangpur, 41
 Sarhind, 12, 23, 24, 40, 112, 188, 214
 Sarju, 18
 Sarkhej, 222
 Sasaram, 275, 322
 Sasisena, 174
 Satgaon, 21, 244
 Satrunjaya Uddhara, 177
 Satyawati Katha, 134
 Saurashtra, 326
 Sayrafi, 162
 Sayyaidpur, 32
 Sayyid, zamindars, 32, 33, 35, 37, 40, 45
 Sayyid Ali. Mir, 258
 Sewa phal, 124
 Shabb-i-Barat, 72, 213, 330
 Shabda-Muni Darpan, 154
 Shahbad, 40
 Shahimbeg, 75
 Shahjahan, 83, 170, 150, 151, 211, 217, 221, 228, 234, 266, 280, 281, 318, 321-323
 Shahjahanpur, 12
 Shahnama, 281
 Shahpur, 36
 Shah Sadulla Gulshan, 150
 Shah Quli Mahram, 75, 312
 Shaibani Khan Uzbek, 251, 262
 Shaikh,
 —Ilah Duja, 160
 —Munawwar, 164
 —Sultan, 164
 —Zia-ud-din Muhammad, 160
 Shaikhpura, 95
 Shaikhzadas, zamindars, 32, 35, 36, 38, 45
 Shakuntala, 92
 Shakti, 78, 95
 Shamsabad, 232
 Shankara Bhatt, 127
 Shankaracharya, 80, 81, 98, 145
 Shankar Dev, 143
 Shankar Krishna, 127
 Shankar Varma, 60
 Shanti Kiriti, 154
 Shanti Nath, 154
 Sharah-e-Aqaide, Jalali, 180
 Sharah-e-Muwaquf, 180
 Sharda-Mangal, 174
 Sharif Amuli, 113
 Sharhe, 180
 Sharh-e-Tehzib, 180
 Sharh-e-waqaya Awwalin, 180
 Shergarh, 233
 Shershah, 275, 276, 322, 325, 333
 Shihabuddin Umar Suhrawardi 109
 Shikebi, 162
 Shiraz, 188, 252, 253
 Shishupal vadha, 171
 Shivaji, 146
 Shivachariar, Kachhiappa, 153
 Shiva Datt Bhattacharya, 185
 Shivalik, Hills, 325
 Shiva Ratri, 330
 Shri Ram, 127
 Shri Krishna Kirtana 140
 Shri Krishna Vijaya, 140
 Shri Nagar, 24, 233
 Shrinagār Mandan, 124
 Shrivallabha, 127
 Shiva Singh Saroj, 136

- Shukar Kheta, 92
 Siam, 235
 Sialkot, 24, 219
 Sibi, 326
 Sicily, 222
 Siddhanta Bhasya, 124
 Siddhanta Mukta wali, 124
 Siddhanta Sutra, 145
 Siddhichandra Upadhyaya, 125
 Siddiqi, zamindars, 32, 33
 Sikandar Lodi, 8, 73, 77, 106,
 107, 134, 135, 160, 177, 195,
 210, 243, 273, 333
 Sikandar Namah, 162
 Sikandar Sur, 325
 Sikandara, architecture of 301,
 322, 323
 Sikandarabad, 38
 Sikandararau, 36
 Sikandarpur, 32
 Sikandarpur Udhu, 36
 Sikarwar, zamindar, 35
 Sinan, 275
 Sind (Sindh), 5 ; towns of, 14,
 16, 45, 46, 55, 146, and eco-
 nomic condition of India,
 224, 225, 227, 228, 240,
 322, 326
 Sindhwa, 41
 Singhana, 231
 Singhasan Batisi, 164, 177
 Sirohi, 43
 Sisodia, zamindar, 42, 43
 Sita Haran, 144
 Sitapur, 18
 Siyarul Arifin, 160
 Smith, V., 182, 291, 298
 Smriti, 56, 58
 Sodah, 45
 Solanki, zamindar, 42
 Somanarya, 305
 Somaraja, 154
 Somasaubhagya Kavya, 167
 Somasvara, 154
 Som Sundar, 144
 Sonargaon, 21, 198, 219
 Sondhas, 42
 Sonapat, 12, 13, 23, 38, 39
 Soraon, 32, 92
 Soron, 36
 Sowaran, 40
 Srinagara Prakash, 304
 Stavorinus, 198
 Subandhu, 171
 Sudhakar, 305
 Sujan Rai Khattri, 175, 229,
 230
 Sukh Pachisi, 177
 Sukh Samvad, 177
 Sultanpur, 23, 34
 Sultanpur, Lodi, 96
 Sumatra, 235, 238
 Sumitra Nandan Pant, 92
 Sunder Das, 132
 Suneja, 39
 Surajbansi, zamindar, 43
 Surajkund, 18
 Suraj Prakash, 170
 Surat, description, 17, 27, 42,
 228, 234, 236, 240
 Suratul,-Ikhilas, 161
 Surdas, life and religious views,
 84-87, 89, 93 ; as a poet,
 130, 137, 139, 144, 306
 Surjan Hada, 125
 Sur Sagar, 86, 93, 137
 Sursawa, 39
 Sutlej, 1, 24
 Svaragita, 305
 Svargasudharasm, 305
 Swami Nyastaka, 124
 Swamini Strota, 124
 Syria, 220

T

- Tabqat-i-Akbari, 163
 Tabriz, 251, 253, 266
 Tafsir, 180
 Tafsir-i-Madārik, 160
 Tagas, 38, 39
 Tahrir-i-Uqlidas, 180

- Tajul Futuh, 159
 Taj Mahal, 300
 Takmil-i-Akbarnama, 163
 Taksila, 167, 184
 Talgraon, 36
 Talwandi, 95
 Talwara, 44
 Tanda, 27, 198, 219
 Tapti, 1
 Tansen, 310, 311
 Tara, 40
 Tara Chand, Dr., 98
 Tarain, 109
 Tarikh-i
 —Akbarshahi, 163
 —Alfi, 163, 257, 259
 —Babari, 162
 —Dilli, 159
 —Haqqi, 163
 —Humayun, 163
 —Humayunshahi, 163
 —Khandan Timuria, 255, 257, 258
 —Mubarakshahi, 162
 —Rashidi, 162
 —Sher Shahi, 163
 Tartar, 68
 Tartary, 220
 Tarun Prabha, 144
 Tashkent, 223
 Tatva deep Nibandh, 123
 Tauhid-i-Shuhdi, 110
 Tavernier, 171, 234
 Tazkirat-ul-ulema, 188
 Tazkirat-ul-waqayat, 163
 Tegh Bahadur, Guru, 97
 Telkam, 45
 Tennaserim, 240
 Terry, Edward, 101, 225
 Thandot, 44
 Thanesar, 13, 164
 Tharus, 47
 Thasakal Varier, 158
 Thathars, 38
 Thatta, 27, 164, 227, 232, 233
 Thevenot, 29
 Thome, San, 240
 Tibet, 221, 326
 Tikkanna, 155
 Tilpit, 38, 39
 Timmanna, 155
 Timor, 235
 Timur, 159, 251, 257, 262, 273, 278
 Tirhut, 176
 Tirumurai, 152, 153
 Toda Bhim, 35
 Todaranand, 127
 Todarmal, 72, 127, 150
 Todar-Prakash, 127
 Tokkappiyar, 151
 Tokka Yaggaparam, 152
 Tolkappia Thevar, 153
 Tolkappiyam, 151
 Trans-Oxiana, 75
 Tuhfat-us-sighar, 159
 Tukaram, 146
 Tulsidas, as a saint, 92-93; as a poet, 130, 135-136, 139, 201, 209, 306
 Tulumbi
 —Shaikh Abdullah, 160
 —Shaikh Aziz-ullah, 160
 Turkish Sultana Begam, 289, 291, 292, 322
 Turkistan, 239
 Turkoman, 35, 36, 68
 Turkey, 101, 220
 Tuticorin, 240
 Tutinamah, 257, 258

U

- Ud, 35
 Udaipur, 15, 177, 318
 Udai Singh, 15
 Ujinah, 38
 Ujjain, 27, 40, 219
 Ujjainia, 40
 Ujjawal Nilmani, 124
 Uki, 45
 Ukti-vyakti, 130
 Umapei, 153

- Umar, 117
 Umra, 38
 Umran, 37
 Umri, 38
 Unnichiruthevi charitam, 157
 Unniyathicharitam, 157
 Unniyati charitam, 157
 Unnunchi Sandesam, 157

V

- Vachan Shastra, 154
 Vahi, 45
 Vaisikatantram, 157
 Vajrasen, 143
 Vallabhacharya, teachings of
 81-87, 123, 145, 183
 Vallabhstak, 124
 Valmiki, 152, 262
 Vasant, 53, 114
 Vasantarajiyam, 313
 Vasanta-Vilas, 144, 250
 Vasco-da-gama, 238
 Vasudeo Ghosh, 141
 Vasudev Misra, 166
 Vasavadatta, 171
 Vedas, 57, 81, 94, 95, 97
 Vedant Dikshit, 126
 Venkata Nath, 153
 Venkatesvara, 156
 Vennelakanti Surrana, 156
 Vidagdha Madhava, 124
 Vidhinataka, 156
 Vidya Niwas, 166
 Vidyaraja, 126
 Vidyaranya, 305
 Vijaya Gupta, 140
 Vijay Nagar, 7, 8, 23, 29, 59,
 65, 81, 156, 305, 308, 314,
 317, 324, 326
- Vijnanabhiksha, 126
 Vikramaditya, 90, 156
 Vikramajit, 320
 Vikramarka charitra, 156
 Vikramsila, 167, 184
 Villiputtarar, 153
 Vinaya Patrika, 93, 136
 Viram deva, 91
 Virbhadra Deva, 126
 Virbhanudaya Kavyam, 125
 Virsaiva, 153
 Virupaksha, 313
 Visaldeva Raso, 130
 Visal Nagar, 42
 Vishnu, 83
 Vishnu Dharmottara, 266
 Vishwa Nath, 166
 Vishwa Nath Prasad, 133
 Vithal Nath, teachings of 82-
 84, 86, 87, 89, 124, 183
 Vivakka Viryar, 153
 Viveka Sindhu, 145
 Vizigapatam, 240
 Vodda aradhana, 153
 Vrahad Bhagwatamrita 124
 Vraj, 81, 82, 84, 89
 Vrindavan, 87, 89, 91, 124,
 315, 333
 Vrindavan Das, 176

W

- Wahadat-ul-Wajud, 110, 121
 Wahadat-ush-Shuhud, 110, 121
 Wahah, 43
 Wajih, 148
 Wajih-ud-din, 165
 Wali, Shams-ud-din, 148, 149
- Waliullah, Shah, 122
 Waman Bhatt, 166
 Waqayat-i-Mushtaqi, 163
 Wasat-ul-Hayat, 159
 Withington, N 55, 101

Y

Yamuna, 1, 67, 82, 85, 188,
211, 279, 280, 282, 310, 316
Yamunastaka, 124
Yash, 45
Yusuf Husain, 147-150, 177
Yusuf Muh. Khan, 74

Z

Zafar Namah, 251
Zafarwal, 220
Zahurabad, 32
Zamania, 19
Zia-ud-din Khafi, 187, 188
Zinanah, 45
Zubda, 180